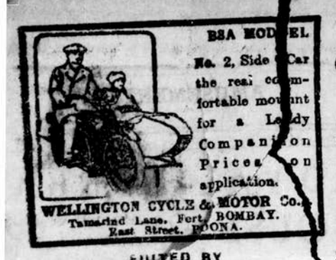

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No. 2, Side Car the real comfortable mount for a Lady Companion. Prices on application.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY. East Street, POONA.

EDITED BY
S. S. HERRIMAN, 1913—18.

The Bombay Ch

FOUNDED BY SIR FEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 19

VOL. IV NO. 67 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MAY 20, 1921.

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

Sailing to Plymouth and London, Calling at Marseilles.

A Passengers required to be in possession of passports.

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
21st May	"Morea"*	10,890
23rd "	"Somali"†	6,794
28th "	"Caledonia"	7,572
4th June	"Nagoya"‡	6,854
11th "	"Dongola"	8,056
18th "	"Malwa"*	10,911
25th "	"Neuralia"	9,082
2nd July	"Kashgar"	8,840
9th "	"Karmala"	8,983
16th "	"Delta"‡	8,087
23rd "	"Narkunda"*	16,115
30th "	"Morea"	10,890

Morea, *Malva, Narkunda — Through steamers from Australia.

Somali — Extra. Proceeds direct from Port Said to London and only conveys second saloon passengers.

†Nagoya, Delta — Through steamers from China calling Bombay for mails only.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers' arrival.

B. I. COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

2nd June	"Chanda"	6,169

Has second saloon accommodation for limited number of gentlemen only.

P. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.

Date	Steamer.	Remarks.
20th May	"Dunera"	Straits and China
23rd "	"Delta"	Straits and China
31st "	"Karkunda"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.
20th June	"Mantua"	From Colombo to Australian Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage by P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing about	Remarks
Canadian Leader	5500	In July	Montreal

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
15, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 162
Telephone No. 1330.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Indus Maru	G. Matsuzaki	3rd "	16th "
Saigon Maru	C. Okada	15th "	28th "
Honolulu Maru	K. Hirano	22nd "	28th "
Genoa Maru	T. Inouye	25th "	5th June.
Indo Maru"	S. Arai	16th June	25th June
Peking Maru"	K. Yamaguchi	23rd June	1st July

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to

K. SHIMA,
Manager.

Ballard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departure.
a Kashu Maru	S. Mogi	5460	10th May	21st May
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda,	6074	14th May	24th "
† Nagano Maru	K. Tsukuda	3824	17th "	10th "
Tottori Maru	S. Ito	5966	15th "	25th "
Hakata Maru	T. Sasaki	5970	25rd "	5th "
Tajima Maru	K. Takano	6995	11th June.	23rd June.
Tatsuno Maru	G. Ota	6995	22nd "	4th July.

a This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

† This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras and Rangoon.

For Freight and passages apply to

U. TAGAMI,
Manager.

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE:
BANK STREET.

SUB-BRANCHES:

BYCULLA—Opposite Parsi Statue.
MANDVI—Abdul Rehman Street.
SANDHURST ROAD—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to any one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. A. DON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE INDUSTRIAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL 62,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 40,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL 2,996,220

DIRECTORS:

1. Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakordas, C.I.E., M.B.E.
2. Mangaldas G. Parekh, Esq.
3. Chamanlal G. Parekh, Esq.
4. Hormasji Manekji Mehta, Esq.
5. Surji Vallabhdas, Esq.
6. S. F. Mulla, Esq.
7. Jeshingbhai Ujamshi, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—AHMEDABAD.
Local Sub-Branch—Station Branch.
Bombay Branch.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 3 per cent. per annum from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 special arrangements are to be made.

DEPOSITS for long and short periods are received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed 4 per cent.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities.

For further information and rules of business apply to the Bank's Manager in charge of the Bombay Branch, Mr. Tricumlal N. Mody, No. 50-52, Churchgate Street.

GIRDHARDAS & SONS,
Managing Agents

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,58,73,150
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 2,23,73,325
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 8,50,000

BRANCHES:

London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.

SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 39, Apollo Street.
Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Bhandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chandausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate London, E. C.
per D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,50,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,50,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum assumed amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on saving Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

E. H. D. BUCKLEY,
General Manager.

BANKING.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA,

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.

for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH, 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 90,47,000
4,65,47,000

RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 3,54,52,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921. 2,71,41,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
2, Princess Street, E. C. 2.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Deccan
Ahmedabad	(Sub-Agency Parbhani)
Ahmedabad City	Hyderabad Sind
Akola	Indore
Akyab	Jalgaon (East
Allahabad	Khandesh)
Alleppy	Jalpaiguri
Amraoti	Karachi
Bangalore	Lahore
Bellary	Lucknow
Benares	Madras (Mount Road)
Bezwada	Madura
Bimlipatam	Mangalore
Bombay (Byculla)	Masulipatam
Bombay (Mandvi)	Montmein
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Nagpore
Broach	Narayangunge
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Negapatam
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Octacamund
Calcutta (Park Street)	Patna
Calicut	Poona
Cawnpore	Quetta
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajahmundry
Chittagong	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Cocanada (Outstation Narsapur)	Rangoon
Cochin	Salem
Coimbatore	Secunderabad
Colombo	Serajgunj (Pay Office)
Dacca	Sholapur
Delhi	Sukkur
Erode	Surat
Guntur	Tellicherry
	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and Interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer,
Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK

LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 40,000,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 19,200,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Sembo
Hanta	London	Shanghai
Hankow	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburasho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

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Manager.

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ESTABLISHED 1870.

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Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in Management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.

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For details apply for a copy of Rules to—

GAJANNAN SADANAND DESAI,
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WITH THE

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Head Offices: 123., Esplanade Road, Fort BOMBAY.

Agency Applications Invited.

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

TOTAL FUNDS .. .. Rs. 1,76,00,000

LOW PREMIUMS
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Prospectus and all information may be obtained from Head Office, BOMBAY.

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Managers

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.

Sound Security. Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary

BAE & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
"DHURANDHAR BROTHERS",
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency C. P. Berar and C. I.,
303, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE

INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE Co. LTD.

123, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY

CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.

DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Scorji & Co.).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Mooljee Jetha & Co.) (Ex-Officio).

Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.

Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.

Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.

For particulars apply to:—

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Secretaries and Managers.

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WANTED—INFLUENTIAL PERSONS to act as canvassing agents for the above Company.

The Company issues 1st and 2nd class policies at a monthly premium of Rs. 2 and Rs. 1 respectively payable for 10 years. The maximum amount payable under the policies being Rs. 500 and Rs. 250 respectively.

Terms on application.

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specialities Imported

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Offices:—Krishna B

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6/7, Clive St., Calcutta.

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Incorporated in India 1907.

MARTI
Managing Agents

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The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier
NO VEXACIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT

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Bunder Road, Karachi,

M. S. HOOSAIN, Chief Agent,
Bandeony Main Road, Hyderabad (Deccan)

G. N. B VAZ,
Branch Secretary
LUTON'S BUILDINGS,
33 Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

W. ST. JOHN CHURCH,
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We Manufacture first Class BOOT, SHOES, SUIT CASES, ATTACHE CASES DESPATCH BOXES, TRUNKS HOLDALLS SOILED LINEN BAGS and fancy Leather GOODS of every description. Guaranteed first Class Finish and workmanship.

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Managing Proprietor:—Tajuddin Ebrahim Chowgele, Late Manager of Pates,
BOMBAY.

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THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LIMITED.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 3,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is Trustee of the Reserve Fund
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs.

LOWEST RATE OF PR

This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—

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Agency Applications Invited.

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BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Poona, Bangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta.

Funds exceed	35,00,000
Annual Income exceeds	7,00,000
Claims paid about	27,50,000

Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready advertability, prompt payment, female lives insured, etc.

Pushing agents wanted all over India.

LALCHAND SARMA, Asst. Secretary, Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd., B. I. Co., Ltd., Head Office
Poona City Lahore

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CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation Report commands a Bonus of 4 per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

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RESERVE FUNDS. „ 42,513,284= „ 3,5
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Head-Agency at BATAV

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Bandoeng	Medan	Solo
Cheribon	Padang	Tebing Tinggi (D
Djember	Palembang	Tegal
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Kota Radja	Pontianak	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:	Singapore	Penang
CHINA	Shanghai,	Hongkong
JAPAN	Kobe	

BRITISH INDIA: Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
LONDON BANKERS: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.,
BOMBAY: Interest allowed on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 100,000; if the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest will be allowed.
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THE BOMBAY BRANCH of the Netherlands Trading Society issues LETTERS OF CREDIT, grants drafts on the above Agencies, the principal continental places, South Africa, America and Australia, buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange and undertakes general Banking business.

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Trial order is earnest

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WANTED—Efficient SHORTHAND-TYPIST, good knowledge of English and experience essential. Good prospects. Apply to THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., Krishna Building (opposite Empire Theatre).
A C9427

WANTED—NURSES for the "Prince of Wales Hospital. Salary Rs. 60-70 p.m. Apply to the undersigned mentioning age, caste, experience and testimonials. CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Dhrangadra State.
A—C 9397

WANTED Gujarati-knowing PROFESSORS qualified in English History, Gujarati and Sanskrit for first and second year classes of the Women's College, Ahmedabad. Apply with terms and testimonials to the SECRETARIES, Gujarat Kelavani Mandal, Ahmedabad.
A C9434

WANTED—A COMPOUNDER on a decent salary. Apply personally to Dr. M. M. MENGLE, M.B.B.S., 111 and 112, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.
A R269

WANTED a SENIOR PROOF READER for day and night work whenever required. Must be a trained hand and quick in corrections. Apply sharp Box No. 607, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
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WANTED a PROOF READER used to JOB and NEWS Work, must be a ...y and trained hand. Men with news- ... experience need apply only to Box No. ...lvt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
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...NTED—A CHIEF CLERK for Motor ... and Accident Department of important ...n Insurance Company. Salary according ...qualifications. Apply Box No. 3969, Advt. ...pt., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 9402

WANTED.—An Experienced SCIENCE TEACHER for Raja Ram High School, Kolhapur, from 1st June, 1921. Pay Rs. 100 to 125. And Arya-samajist will be preferred. Apply with testimonials to the SECRETARY, Kolhapur Arya Education Board, Brindahan
A C 9410

...NTED—INFLUENTIAL and HARD-WORKING AGENTS to canvass Life Business in Central Provinces, Berar, and Central India. Terms Liberal. Please apply to—DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, 303, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
A—C 9396

WANTED for the Nalanda College Behar-sharif (Patna) a Lecturer of Logic, M.A. in Philosophy on Rs. 100—10—150. per. month on two months' probation. Must guarantee a year's service. Apply to PRINCIPAL, by 30th May. A—C 9390

WANTED.—A SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON for the Barsi Light Railway from 1st July, 1921. Pay Rs. 50 to Rs. 125 according to qualifications. Applicants must be below 35 years. Copies of testimonials should be sent before 10th June, 1921, to CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Barsi Light Railway, Kurduwadi Deccan.
A C 9354

WANTED FIRE & MARINE Insurance CLERKS. Apply stating salary and previous experience, to Box No. 3082, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
A C 9439

HOUSE & FLATS WANTED.

...D at Poona for month of June a ...ALOW commodious, well situat- ... Apply to Box No. 3078, Advt. ...ay Chronicle."
R273

...AND APARTMENT TO LET.

...FLAT for a Hindu family, ...x. Near about Grant Road ... five rooms and bath and ...y careful and used to ... Reasonable offers consider- ...ox No. 605, Advt. Dept., ...le."
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...MPS: All Unused. 2 Italy 1921 55 and ...55c. 10 as. 3 Siam 1921 2 to 10s. 10 as. ...race 1920 5 to 15s. 3rd Issue 8 as. 3 West ...ace 1920 5 to 50s. 10 as. Gibbons' Cat. Br. ...pire 1920 Rs. 6/8. IMPERIAL STAMP ...O., LTD., ALLAHABAD.
...L C9438

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M R 249

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FOR SALE—Old newspapers in large quantity. Apply with offers to Box No. 609, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
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FOR SALE—BAILING PLANKS in large quantity. Immediate delivery, also a lot of hoop irons. Apply Box No. 610, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

DELICIOUS MANGOES of Pavai Estate which are being sent to England for over a century are now available at Pavai Estate, Head Office, 50, Meadows Street, Fort, or at Lalbaugh Swadeshi Stores, Baya Mansions, Parel, or from Dawoodkhan Balekhan, Roshan Building, Bellasis, Road. 9400

FOR transfer—by Foujdar Bros., Nagpur City, one Sale Agreement re. Manganese property situated in Katangjhiri Government Forest, Balaghat, C. P.
R270

PUBLIC NOTICE.

FOREST DEPTT. MARWAR STATE JODHPUR (RAJPUTANA).

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the contract of "Anwal or Tarward" (Cassia auriculata) Tanning bark, of the whole Marwar State will be publicly auctioned finally on 30th May, to 1st June, 1921, in Mehkma Khas at Jodhpur Revenue Office Ijlas of D. L. Brockman, I.C.S., Revenue Member Regency Council Jodhpur State.

Bids in sealed covers are invited from all intending purchasers and contractors as per registered post or by personal attendance any time during the aforesaid dates at Jodhpur.

NOTE.—The following extracts from a note on our Anwal (Cassia auriculata) barks by Mr. Puransingh, F. C. S., Chemical Adviser to Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun gives some idea of the quality and value vide Indian Forester for January, 1915, Page 14-17. The mature barks from Marwar are richest in tanning of all the samples so far examined while that obtained from 5-6 months old shoots containing 18 per cent. of tanning is also a higher average than that of any other sample of immature bark examined up to date.

CHATUR BHUJ GOHLOT, D.D.R.,
Superintendent of Forests.
Marwar State.
Jodhpur.

Jodhpur, 14th May, 1921. C 9436
TA

NOTICE.

WITH REFERENCE to the NOTICE given by me along with others WARNING the PUBLIC not to deal with four SHARES in the Kohinoor Mills Co., Ltd., bearing Nos. 3169, 3087, 2760 and 3288; I now beg to withdraw the said notice with regard to three shares only bearing Nos. 3169, 3087 and 2760. There is therefore no longer any objection to any body dealing with the said three shares.

CAWASJI PALLONJI MISTRY,
R 272 Share Broker.

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

THE CHIEF ENGINEER, Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, is prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of:—

4—Blocks of Subordinates' Quarters at Marine Lines.

Plan, details of Items, and the Specifications of Work and the Conditions of Contract can be obtained at the office of the Chief Engineer, Old Customs House Yard, on payment of Re. 1 per set.

Tenders should reach the office of the Chief Engineer, by 12 noon (S. T.), on the 25th May, 1921, at which time they will be opened.

Tenders must be accompanied by Rs. 400 in cash or Government Securities as earnest money. This will be refunded to unsuccessful tenderers and in the case of the successful Tenderer, will be credited to him as part of his security deposit.

The successful Tenderer will be required to deposit in cash or Government Securities Rs. 5,000 as security for the due fulfilment of his contract.

The Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender or to give reasons for the non-acceptance of Tenders.

L. W. LEWIS,
Chief Engineer,
Back Bay Reclamation Scheme.
Old Customs House Yard, Fort.
Bombay, dated the 18th May, 1921.
TA C9435

THE APOLLO MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Apollo Mills, Ltd., will be held at the registered Office of the Company, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 20th day of May, 1921, at 5 p.m. when the sub-joined resolution which was passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 5th day of May, 1921, will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution.

"That the Capital of the Company be reduced from Rs. 50,00,000 (divided into 50,000 shares of Rs 100 each) to Rs. 25,00,000 (divided into 50,000 shares of Rs. 50 each) and that such reduction be effected by reducing the nominal amount of the shares from Rs. 100 to Rs. 50 each and extinguishing the liability in respect of uncalled capital on the shares to the extent of Rs. 50 per share."

Dated this 7th day of May, 1921.

By order of the Board.

HAJEE MAHOMED HAJEE ESMAEL & CO.,
Agents.
375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. 1921
C 9437

PUBLIC NOTICE.

UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

THE HEAD OFFICE of the BANK will REMOVE from 7, Murzban Road, to the Bank's new Premises in Apollo Street, on 6th June next.

The Bank undertakes banking business of every description on favourable terms. All possible facilities rendered to constituents.

Copy of Rules on application.

A. B. OLIPHANT,
Ag. Manager.
C9411

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE COORLA SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.
LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Offices of the above Companies will be REMOVED from No. 23, Church Gate Street to Readymoney Building, Apollo Pier Road, from Monday, the 16th May, 1921.

COWASJEE JEHANGIR & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents,
The Coorla Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.,
Sir Cowasjee Jehangir & Co.,
Chief Agents,
Lancashire Insurance Co.
C9376

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF INDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 1234 of 1921.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 18th day of March, 1921.

Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27, O.V., rr 1, 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

BAI DIWALIBAI widow of Girjashanker Vajeshanker Shahiwalia of Bombay Brahmin Hindu, Inhabitant a Landed Proprietor residing at Girgam Back Road outside the Fort of Bombay .....Plaintiff.

vs.

1. Rampiaribai Ramdulari of Bombay Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant residing at Girgam Back Road outside the Fort of Bombay and (2) Himalall Ambalal Vyas of Bombay Brahmin Hindy Inhabitant a clerk residing at Girgam Back Road outside the Fort of Bombay .....Defendants.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the above named Plaintiff has filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz.:—

The Plaintiff prays that the Defendants may be ordered to forthwith give vacant and peaceful possession of the premises situate at Girgam Back Road mentioned in the Plaint herein that the Defendants may be ordered to pay to the Plaintiff the arrears of Rent amounting to Rs. 46-2-0 upto the 30th of Rosh S. Y. 1977 (7th February 1921) and Rs. 7-11-0 per month by way of compensation for the use and occupation of the said premises from the 1st of Maha Sud Samvat Year 1977 (8th February 1921) till such time as delivery of the said premises is given to the Plaintiff and for the costs of this suit.

Amended this 13th of May 1921 as per consent order dated 4th May, 1921.

(Sd.) N. J. HOWARD,
For Prothonotary.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 24th day of May, 1921, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiff's case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir Norman Cranston Macleod, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 30th day of March, 1921.

(Sd.) E. J. DIVAR,
For Acting Prothonotary.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DIVAR,
The 30th day of March, 1921.
Messrs. MEHTA LALJEE & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr ABDULHAMID HABIBBHOY has contracted to sell to the purchaser who is our client the under mentioned property.

All persons having any claim or interest thereto or therein or in or to any part thereof, either by way of gift, inheritance, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, trust or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 65 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest and the same if any will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land situated near the Kandival station of the B. B. and C. I. Railway in the village of Malad in the Bombay Suburban district south salsetta with the messuage and bungalows standing thereon admeasuring about 1933 square yards and bounded as follows; that is to say on or toward the North by land belongingg to Mr. Pestonji Marker, on or toward the East by land belonging to Ravansey Karsondas on or towards the south by the Hamid and on or towards the west by a 20 feet passage set apart by the khote.

Dated this 19th day of May 1921.

EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C 9442

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS
NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4960.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS OF LARGE BUNGALOW KNOWN AS BEEHIVE SITUATED AT THE NEPEAN SEA ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Gregson, Batley and King, Architects and Surveyors, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 20th May, 1921, at 3-30 p.m., at the premises the materials for removal of the following building:—

Building (Large Bungalow and Outhouses known as Beehive Property), Nepean Sea Road.

MENNESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers
Bombay, 20th May, 1921.

METHA AND CO.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO CONTRACTORS, HOUSE BUILDERS, TIMBER MERCHANTS AND FURNITURE MAKERS.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 100 TONS MOLMIEN SELECTED TEAK SQUARES.

THIS DAY FRIDAY the 20th inst. at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Auction, at the Sewree Bunder, by order of Seth Bhagvandas Netram and on account of the concerned constituent:—

About 100 tons Molmien selected teak squares.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 20th May, 1921.

GANDHI & CO.
AUCTIONEER.
Telephone No. 4927.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS OF READY CLOTHES, MILLINERS HOSIERS, ETC.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 20th instant, Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by the order of Messrs. A. Karmali & Co., on behalf of Messrs. J. MacMillan and Bolton Limited:—

Ladies and Children's petty cotts, frocks, ladies and gent's vests, mufflers, handkerchieves, socks, ladies and gent's over coats' fancy bags, etc., etc., in convenient lots to suit the buyers.

ANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 20th May, 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.
AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 521.

AUCTION SALE OF 49 CASES SILK VELVETEEN, 13 CASES SILK EMBROIDERED VELVETEEN, 4 CASES COTTON VELVETEEN.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3 P.M. (S. T.).

By the order of the Office concerned and on account and risk of defaulting purchaser Sadashiv Rajaram Desai trading in Moti Bazar, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY FRIDAY the 20th day of May, 1921, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Room, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Lot No. 1509 6C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 15180 2C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1552 5C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1684 4C/S Cotton Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1700 12C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1701 24C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1704 7C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.
Lot No. 1705 6C/S Silk Embroidered Velveteen.

A deposit of 25 per cent. required at the time of sale.

THE AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR CARS AND MOTOR CYCLES ON ACCOUNT AND RISK OF THE DIFFERENT PARTIES.

By the order of H. C. B. Mitchell, Esq., Acting Administrator-General of Bombay, and Administrator of Estate of Darashek Mullaferoze (Proprietor of Englebert Cycle and Motor Co.), and on account and risk of different parties (who have not still sent in their claims for cars, cycles, etc., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY the 6th June 1921 at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Motor Cars— Dedian No. Vaux Hall No. 2628.
Motor Bottom Frame.
Motor cycles L. B. 2195 Singer, Douglas No. 2008, Humber Ltd. No. 3664, Scott No. 3031, Scott No. New Hudson 21A Indian No. Triumph No. 3353 U. S. U. 6304, Royal Enfield No. Horley Division with side car No. 6669.

P.S.—The parties to whom the above motor cars and motor cycles belonged are requested to send in their claims to the Administrator-General of Bombay before the date of the sale otherwise their claims will not be entertained and the cars and cycles will be sold off on their account and risk.

Bombay, 20th May, 1921.

On all matters concerning
INCOME TAX OR SUPER TAX
CONSULT
NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL
F.L.A.A. (London) F. Inc. C.A.,
Hanuman Building, Homji Street, Circle, BOMBAY.
Over 2,500 firms successfully represented.
Telephone No. 2560.

DO YOU REMEMBER OR HAVE YOU FORGOTTEN ?
Note quickly and visit our old shop to buy Saffron, Musk, Amber, Baras—Kapr—Myrraholams—Momial Silajit—Kisar Gyana, etc.
D. Shantilal Kantilal & Co.
Jumma Masjid, BOMBAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
HOME OF CELEBRITIES
Every day at 6-30 and 10 p.m
LAST NIGHTS OF
PRESENT PICTURE BILL:
JUNE CAPRICE
in
'MISS INNOCENCE'
A 5 reel picture of great interest. A Study in Heredity. Successful moulding of the evil nature of a girl by the good efforts of the Master of a Convent School.
Also a 2 reel fine Comic:—
"THIS WAY OUT."
A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT:
FUTURE ENGAGEMENTS:
TOM MIX
in
"TREAT EM ROUGH"
Prices:—Re. 1-8. Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4 (Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2.) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs 5 each.)

THE LAST CHANCE TO-DAY TO SEE THE OPENING THREE EPISODES
of the High-Class Society Serial-de Luxe
"WHEN WE LOVE"
which Messrs. K. D. and Brothers are presenting this Week.
THE FIRST WEEK
finishes To-day. Do not miss this splendid opportunity to see this interesting Serial right from the beginning.
The Topical Budget in the Programme.
Four Shows To-night: 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)

WEST-END CINEMA
(New Churney Road).

THE SECOND WEEK
Messrs. K. D. and Brothers present further 6 part (Episodes 4—5 and 6) of their powerful Serial
"The Broken Coin"
Featuring
GRACE CUNARD, FRANCIS FORD AND EDDIE POLO.
Also further four parts (Episodes 3 and 4) of their another interesting Social Serial
"The Death Mask"
Four Shows Daily: 5 30; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S.T.)

Globe Cinema
(SANDHURST ROAD.)

THE EXCELSIOR
TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 TO-NIGHT
Edgar Warwick Comedy Company
To-day Fri. To-morrow Sat. at 9-30 p.m. and
SUNDAY 22nd REDUCED PRICE MATINEE at 5-30 p. m.
The Great Sporting Comedy
"THE DOUBLE "EVENT"
Ran over a year at Wyndham's
Booking at ROSE & Co. upto 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

THE EMPRESS
COMING TO-MORROW
SAT. 21st.
MADAN THEATRES. LD,
Present the Second "Select Oriental Films" Masterpiece.
'Dhruva Charitra'
The Great Devotional Story of Hindu Life and Aspiration produced by Eugenie De Liquoro in India with the most talented Artists, on a scale of immense magnificence and Superb Splendour.
King Uthanpad....Mr. James McGrath.
Suniti.....Miss Patience Cooper.
Narad.....Master Mohan.
The Daneer.....Signorina Dorros.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPIRE

TO-DAY. 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

Charlie Chaplin

IN

"The Jazz Waiter"

Great Boxing Boom

Jimmy Wilde

Vs.

Peter Herman

in a 20 3-Minute Round Contest for the **BANTAM WEIGHT** CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD

Pathe Gazette, Sunbeams Pictorial.

"OUR GIRLS" and Their Physique Series No. 6.

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

A Beautiful Picturesque Story of Love Hate and Sacrifice.

"Snows of Destiny"

featuring

MARY JOHNSON

"Mashers and Splashers"

Comic

THE EXCELSIOR

DAILY at 6-30 p. m.

NTWEST and GREATEST SPECTACLE

"The Zeppelin's Last Raid"

Around the Town

"Terrible Twins"

Large Stocks available for immediate Shipment.

NEW AND SECOND HAND MACHINERY.

Standard Crude Oil Vertical Stationary Engines.

Lighting Plants from 6 B.H.P. to 30 B.H.P. all voltages.

Horizontal Crude Oil Semi Diesel Engines 6 to 60 B.H.P.

Marine paraffin Motor Engines 18/20 H.P. and 35/40 H.P.

Crude Oil Road Roller and Centrifugal Pumps.

MILL MACHINERY ALL MODERN PLANT.

Complete Cotton Mills from 10,000 Spindles to 40,000.

Gas Engines and Suction Plants.

Full Details and Particulars ar available from :—

Visram Brothers,

4, Waterloo Mansions,
Wodehouse Road,
BOMBAY.

FANCY FITTINGS.

and Sanitary Ware of every description.

We instal bath tubs, wash-basins and drainage at competitive rates. Estimates Free.

10, Church Gate Street, Fort. Bombay.

CLUBWALLA & CO.

OLD SAFETY RAZOR BLADES

We resharpen Gillette Clemak, Auto Du hone, etc., Blades, keen as new at Re. 1-4 dos Either six, As. 2 each. For 100 shaves from 3 Gillette Bladeuse "Twinplex" Stropez, Rs. 15 each. All Post free. MATHEWS Co., 31, Madows St. (Opp. Cornagtie), Bombay.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, 17th May, 1921

Months	To-day's Price.
May	7 35
June	8 00
July	8 17
Aug.	8 28
Sept.	8 38
Oct.	8 48
Nov.	8 56
Dec.	8 60
Jan.	8 64
Feb.	8 67
Mar.	8 70
April	8 73

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, 17th May, 1921.

Months	To-day's prices
May	14 40
June	14 30
July	14 20
Aug.	14 25
Sept.	14 35
Oct.	14 45
Nov.	14 55
Dec.	14 55
Jan.	14 55

Manchester Market :- Holiday.

Yarns :—unchanged small attendance.

Liverpool, 17th May, 1921.

		Bales
Total	Day's Sales at Liverpool	3,000
"	" Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	—
"	" Sales of East Indian	—
"	" Imports	—

EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES :—

Egyptian F G F Spot Quiet		8 I
Sakels		16 5
New York, 11 a. m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)	May	12 50
	July	13 00
	Oct.	13 50
New Orleans 10 a. m.	May	12 62
	July	13 24

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, 17th May, 1921

M.G. Bengal, Good	4 40
" " Fully Good	4 90
" " Fine	5 15
" No. 1 Oomra, Good	5 40
" " " Fully Good	5 90
" " " Fine	6 15
" Broach, Good	7 05
" " Fully Good	7 30
" " Fine	7 55
" Scinde, Good	4 25
" " Fully Good	4 75
" " Fine	5 02

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

London, Saturday, 7th May, 1921.

Total in Sight	92,75,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	350,000
East Indian " "	179,000
American " "	4,447,000
Other " "	360,000
Total Sales	—
East Indian Sales	—
Total Speculation	—
Total Export	—
East Indian Export	—
East Indian Stock	—
East Indian Forwarded	—
East Indian Actual	—
East Indian Imports	—
East Indian Speculation	—
American Afloat	—
East Indian Afloat	—
Total Afloat	—

JAVA SUGAR.

London, 18th May, 1921

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta June, Sellers	26/6
Fine White Java C; & F. Calcutta June July Sellers	25/0
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay June-July, Sellers	26 0
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi June-July, Sellers	26/3

Tone :—

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 19.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach July-August at Re. 316 and gradually advanced till Rs. 320. It then declined to Rs. 319 which was the rate at 3 p.m. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 319. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 317 and closed at Rs. 317½.

Our market for ready cotton remained dull and quiet and the off-take was very small.

TWO FAMILY GEMS

1. NANJANGUD TOOTH POWDER

The best vegetable aromatic tooth powder highly appreciated liked by all for its cleansing, whitening and strengthening the teeth.

Sweet or Salt variety 1 packet of 1 month's used 1 anna—12 Pts per V. P. P. 10.

2. Sree Khara Kesturi Pills :—Sweeten the breath with its charming aroma, prevent and cure all infectious diseases. Invaluable for infants and adults cough, cold catarrh, constipation, fevers, ndigestion, etc.

30 Pills 4 as 6 bottles per V. P. P. Re 1-10 0

ATURVEDA VIDVAN B. V. PUNDIT.

Sadvidysala. Nanjangud.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILL for Ladies

About 2000 bales only been sold yesterday.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE

Bombay, 19

Bank Telegraphic	—
Bank Demand	—
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	—
Fcs. Demand	—
American Dollars	—
Hongkong Dollars	—
Shanghai	—
Japan	—
Singapore	—

Market Steady.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS (

Bombay, 19th

Fully Good Broach	April/May,	—
" "	July/August,	
Fully Good Bengal	May,	...
" "	July,	—
Fine Oomra	May,	—
"	July,	...

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, 19th May, 1921.

Fully Good Broach	April-May,	299
" "	July-Aug.	319
Fully Good Bengal	May,	221
" " "	July,	224
Fine Oomra's	May,	229
" "	July,	274

SPOT QUOTATION.

Bombay, 19th May, 1921.

Description	Super-Fine	F. Good	Good	
M.G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	—	247	232	217
M.G. Oomra's No. 4	272	262	247	—
M.G. Central P. No. 1	307	297	282	—
M.G. Central P. No. 2	292	282	267	—
M.G. Broach	—	310	300	285
Southcons	—	—	—	—

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 18th May, 1921.

		Bales
Cotton	10418	Cwts
Wheat	15884	"
Linseed	4350	"
Rape, etc.	379	"
Gingellyseed	975	"
Poppyseed	71	"
Groundnuts	Nil	"
Castorseed	1758	"
Rice	186312	"
Myrabollams	1770	"
Cottonseed	9551	"
Mowraseed	Nil	"
Gram	4132	"
Juwar	5040	"
Masur	Nil	"
Barley	597	"
Bajra	2688	"
Coal	1718	Tons

THE METAL MERCHANT'S COMPANY.

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper

Daily Quotations.

19th May, 1921.

	Per Maund.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass	3/4	84	0	0
Do.	1	85	8	0
Do.	1 1/4	85	8	0
Do.	1 1/2	85	0	0
Do.	1 3/4	86	0	0
Do.	2	89	0	0

COPPER RATES.

19th May, 1921.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper 3/4	84	0	0
Do. 1	92	0	0
Do. 1 1/4	101	0	0
Do. 1 1/2	01	0	0
Do. 1 3/4	101	0	0
Do. 2	95	0	0
Japanese Copper Bars	—	—	—
Panch teira Joint	25	0	0
Copper English Bars	53	0	0
Brass-Bars	36	0	0
Lead	54	0	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds Daily Quotations

Bazaar Rates

6 p. m. 19th May, 1921. Ready	Bazaar Rs.	Terms a.	p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-80	70	0	0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-80	69	0	0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	72	0	0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10	8	0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10	8	0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11	0	0
Linseed, Brown Bold	14	4	0
Linseed, Brown Thin	12	8	0
Teelseed, White 85-15	80	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	75	0	0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	78	0	0
Teelseed, Black	70	0	0
Poppyseed, White	14	0	0
Groundnuts	70	0	0
Mowraseed	7	8	0
Barley	79	0	0
Castorseed	48	0	0
Vrar Cotton Seeds Ready.	42	0	0

Forward		Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May		9	6	6
Wheat June-July		—		
Wheat Sept.		9	15	6
Wheat Oct.-Nov.		—		
Linseed May		15	1	9
Linseed Sept.		14	15	0
Linseed Dec.		—		
Rapeseed April-May		—		
Rapeseed June-July		—		
Teelseed Gajar 85 15	Dec. Jan.	—		
Teelseed Gajar 75-25	Dec. Jan.	—		
Teelseed Gajar 50-50	Dec. Jan.	—		
Wheat June-July		—		
Wheat Aug.-Sept.		—		
Wheat Oct. Nov.		—		
Linseed Sept.		—		
Linseed Dec.		—		

YOU NEED THIS

OXYGEN CREAM

YOUR skin and complexion will be all the better for the preserving and nourishing influence of Ven-Yusa.

This exquisite, highly-refined face cream is unlike any other preparation in the world. Ven-Yusa is the only oxygen face cream to be had.

There's nothing like Ven-Yusa for soothing and refreshing the skin

Re. 1 per Jar at Chemists, Bazaars, etc. By post from Messrs. Smith Stanistreet & Co., 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta. or Messrs. Kemp & Co., Bombay.

VEN-YUSA *The Oxygen Face Cream*

FRESH STOCK

Received of Primus and Optimus Stoves Dr. Mallick's Patent Ie-Mie cookers Criterion and Enamelled 1, 2, 3, 4 wic Stoves, Electric Stoves and Irons. Repairs of all kinds of Stoves and Lamps undertaken.

D.D. Postwalla & Co.

275, Hornby Road, FORT.

Income Tax. .

& Super Tax

Statutory Statements of Accoun prepared Audit of Books Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. TH SAR

Public Accountant.

BOMBAY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

41, Kalbadevi Road. BOMBAY.

RUPEES ONE LACK.

Every one can earn the above amount by sitting at home without any outlay or expenditure. Apply for scheme enclosing One anna Postage Stamp to Post box No. 388. CALCUTTA.

C 932

Dr. BURMAN'S

NERVINE TONIC PILLS.

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...l public opinion, on this ...is not on the ...issionaries. For from the ...of the comments that appeared ...g newspapers. of both the ...d the Extremists parties. we ...d that the Press agrees with us in ...g the Compulsory Scripture Class ...rging upon the necessity of a ...nce Clause" in the Grant-in-aid ...t, the "Times of India" in its ...the 17th instant, in order perhaps ...draw from us the support of the ...e Party and also not finding any ...ounds to justify the position of the ...onaries, has, as expected, styled the ...ion as a "curious by-product" of the ..., movement and as such wants it to ...dled as dangerous and explosive

It seems that the N.C.O., move ...s got too much on the nerves of the ...l Editor of that worthy paper as ...n to attribute anything unpleasant ...n earth and under heaven, whether ...rong, to the N.C.O., movement. ...received many inquiries from ...and sympathizers as to whether ...ing to take any further steps, and ...re still appearing in certain papers ...partly to review the situation and ...inform the public of our being alive to the necessities of the situation, we have to make this Communication to the Press.

THE MISSIONARIES' STATEMENT.

The statement of the Missionaries is a very noble and elaborate attempt to justify the Compulsory Scripture Class. From the tone of the statement it appears that the Missionaries are feeling a bit nervous about the view that will be taken, about the matter, by the New Council of the present 'Golden Era". Also the agitation, carried on in the Wilson College, has brought the matter into vivid relief and, therefore, an attempt has been made to show to the ungrateful Indians how they would be wrong ing the Missionaries if any new Legislation were to interfere with their Bible Class. It has also been shown how they have helped the Benign Government, for the last 60 years, in solving and assisting in the stupendous problem of educating the illiterat masses of this country, evem at a great sacrifice of money, labour and time to them. It nas also been pointed out that the compulsory education in the Christian Religion has been a real boon to the country and that many sensible Indians desire that their children should receive its benefit, instead of starting a campaign of protest as has been lately done. An appeal has been made that it would be unjust to ask the Missionary Professors to impart education which has been severed from the Bible, and at the same time it has been pointed out that they will never consent to a system making the Bible Class Voluntary. Notice has been taken of a section of students who find it against their Conscience to compulsorily attend the Bible Class and they have been told to join other colleges as the Missionaries do not force anyone to attend their own.

OUR POSITION.

After reading the statement one wonders why the Missionaries should be troubled in their good work and on at once puts that section of the students which is crying out against the Compulsory Bible Class into that class of idle and misdirected agitators. Before such a belief is allowed to strengthen we have thought it fit to show that there is also another side to the question and that it is rather too dark. Before we admire too much the philanthropic nature of the Missionaries, it is well to remember that this work of Education is not an end in itself nor is it quite disinterested. On the contrary, it has been admitted by the Missionaries themselves that their prime motive in starting school Colleges is to spread the word of their Lord. It means in plain terms that the Mission Colleges are "Gospel-houses" in disguise where the Gospel is preached at the rate of 45 minutes per day and that they are only an aid to the great cause of gathering to the Christian Fold the Heathenish Millions of India. We respect the Conscience of those Missionaries who find it against their principles to seperate the Bible from the secular education, but we fail to see how they can use "Public Money" to compel a Non-Christian student to attend the Bible Class against his free will, the more so as the money for the most part is taken from Non-Christian tax-payers. Regarding their patent argument that they do not compel students to join their colleges, we might point out that even if they wish to do so they have not the power to do it and so it is not a great concession on their part Thus we see that they have hopelessly failed in vindicating their case. We will have no complaint if they bring enough money from Scotland to maintain their present policy and also seek somewhere else for affiliation. For, we fail to to see how a public body like the University of Bombay should give recognition to institutions where principles of perfect non-interference in Religion are not rigorously maintained. Lastly, the missionaries would loose nothing if the Bible class is made voluntary as those who wish to attend it,—and from their statement the number is very large,—can do so even then.

OUR UNREALIZED HOPES.

When we first launched the movement in October last year we had written to various prominent men writing their view on the movement. One of them, at that time, and even now, an eminent person connected with educational matters in this Presidency, had expressed his full sympathy with our movement and had promised to make his attitude public in the New Councils. But, as matters stand the nervousness of the Missionaries seems to be quite unfounded as the "Golden Era" Councils have thought it fit to decide the vital questions of Bugs and like commodity instead of putting a final stop to such Compulsory Religious Education in the Mission Institutions. But we still hope that the councillors will understand the gravity of the case and will loose no time in introducing the Conscience Clause Resolution, when the Councils meet again.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

Past experience has taught us that it is always best to depend upon ourselves and so we intend to again carry on a Vigorous Agitation in the coming June. Till now the movement was financed solely by contributions given by the students, but now it is necessary for us to appeal to the public for Funds. We hope that generous donors and other sympathisers will give us financial and other support.

...avel and without tickets re... ...modation cannot be booked. ...arly in the morning i.e., before ...reserve the answer is forthcoming ...l available seats are booked This is ...case for second and first class Indian passenger only, I am sure.

Also I have seen many a time last season whose compartments of eight people labelled with one name and only three or four travelling. I have also seen first class parlor car seats bearing name lable and no passengers tarvelling while others have been refused admittance on the plea of overcrowding.

Surely, Sir, something must be done to put a stop to this growing evil where even well paid European officials of the Railway Co., take an active part in mulcting the public. I cannot for the life of me understand why those British Soldiers on the Poona Station are for considerable time past taking the duties of the Railway ticket examiners by day as well as night trains. They are military police for the military. You might satisfy yourself by your personal observation before putting this into print.

There is also that difficulty of getting your seats even after you have paid for and reserved them. You will seldom find them labelled in your name; and there is always a hue and cry to get your seats the best way you can. Your seats have gone to those that have paid more "buxis" than you, the whole concern of booking is rooten and must be thoroughly overhauled. There is lust the same cry of lost and missing parcels, especially fruit ones, about which your contemporary opened its columns some two years ago and the same pilfering is visible yet.

I enclose my card and address—Yours etc.

P. H.

Napean Sea Road.
Bombay, May 13.

THE COURSE FOR SANYASIS.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Please to find space for the following letter in your worthy paper and oblige.

An Associated Press Message informs that Messrs. Pandye & Coy., the solicitors have sent a letter to the Punjab Government on behalf of their client who claims to be the true Shankarcharya of Sardapith.

I am not a partisan of either the patriot or this "true Shankarcharya." But as I am a disciple of the said Gadi I have to gi expression to the following feelings:—About three persons are fighting in the Law Courts for the Gadi of the Sardapith. The mere fact that all these worthy beings claiming to be "Jagat Guru" should be fighting in the British Courts for worldy objects They are Sanjasis and Mr. Editor do they not degrade themselves by going to mortals for justice, while they themselves claim to be the representatives of God on Earth?

The case is not decided as yet. The Brahmins also have not decided upon any of them as their Guru and this worthy Gentleman sends Manifestoes and letters in the name of Shankracharya setting himself hopelessly against the movement which has captivated the Hearts of the Brahmins whose Guru he claims to be.

Has not the time arrived for him to shut his mouth and let the things be directed by real Gurus who aim at the salvation of the masses?—Yours etc.

S. G. PATHAK.

Bombay May 17.

COMPULSORY BIBLE TEACHING.

MISSIONARIES' STATEMENT ANALYSED.

The Wilsonians' Bible Committee has sent us a "Review and Statement" in connection with its crusade against compulsory Bible teaching in the Wilson College. In the course of the statement, the Committee states:—

A quasi-official statement was recently issued, on the 14th of March 1921, by the president and the secretary of the Bombay Representative Council of Missions, laying before the press and the general public their defence of the practice of giving compulsory education in Bible to Non-christian students, in the educational institutions graciously run by them in this country. In our opinion the missionaries, by issuing the statement, have indirectly helped us in showing clearly

...Surendra ...ll represent the voice of India on the Press Congress with an open mind?

Now with regard to the appointment of Mr. Rustom N. Vatchagandhy, Proprietor and "Editor" of the "Sanj Vartaman", need hardly say that it can only be described as extremely ill-advised. I admit that the "Sanj Vartaman" is a powerful nationalist vernacular organ voicing the grievances of Indians in an impartial and unbiassed manner; but the main points at issue are: Has Mr. Vatchagandhy ever made his appearance in the public and assured his countrymen of his strenuous fight on behalf of them? Has he won the hearts of his countrymen? Has he consulted the leaders of public opinion before accepting the covetous and responsible position of a Vice-President of the aforesaid Congress?

Sir, cannot an impartial critic, under such circumstances, characterise the above two appointments as unfortunate and ludicrous? We want our best leaders (by all means capable journalists) of the type of Babu Motilal Ghosh, Lala Lajpat Rai, Mr. Rangaswamy Ayangar Mr. Kasturi Ranga Iyangar and, last but not the least, Mahatma Gandhi to voice our sufferings under the notorious Press Act at such a Press Congress, so that the Western journalists and publicists may know very well how Indians, under the British yoke, are undergoing severe and intolerable hardships and penalties. If any of the two above-named gentlemen had been nominated as Vice-Presidents of the Press Congress of the World, I am sure, there would not have been any ground for us to grumble and lodge our emphatic protests against the appointment? But as it is, Sir, I repeat, the choice of the aforesaid gentlemen is uncalled for and nonsensical. Indian should rise to the occasion and lodge their emphatic protest against the appointments of Sir Surendranath Bannerjea and Mr. Rustom N. Vatchagandhy and tell the authorities concerned that they are not our well-chosen representatives.

Sir, we do not at all wish that our "representatives" should make a farce in th Press Congress; for, we want Western Publicists exactly to know what troubles and disadvantages under which Indian journalists suffer in this so-called "New Era". We want also to know from them whether the system of gagging any independent and nationalist paper is in progress in their own country or not. It is, indeed, doubtful how the two so-called above representatives of India fare in the deliberations of the Press Congress for, experience alone will show how they have unmasked the whole truth of the repressive Press Act.—Yours, etc.

X. Y. Z.

CENTRAL LABOUR BOARD.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some time ago Mr. Jhabwalla wrote to say:—"As regards your suggestion about the waste of Union money, I may inform you that so far the whole sum of Rs. 500 will practically be spent for the maintenance of the Head Office of all Unions and not the Central Labour Board." In your issue of the 17th instant he says the contributions of the G. I. P., B. B. and Postal Unions are "towards the expenses of the Central Office as well as the Central Labour Board", the two offices are the same and the officials of the two are the same and "at present the total expense does not exceed Rs. 500." This is an excellent device for using Union money for paying the officials of the Central Board. I do not like such devices. I like straightforward business. I am glad Mr. Jhabwalla has received no post of the contributions by way of salary. There is going to be a meeting on Tuesday next when I shall be able to get better information than Mr. Jhabwalla's letter vouchsafes. Till then I prefer to be silent on other points.—Yours, etc.,

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.

EXTORTION ON G. I. P. RY.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You have done a service by bringing into public notice the extortion which is being habitually practised on poor and illeterate passengers by some of the subordinates of the G. I. P. Rly., Co., at Poona station.

It is not only the subordinate staff that is practising it. I have been now and again marking British soldiers on Poona station

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS

May 19.

S S War Cuta, Duncan, Tuticorin.
S S Hannover, Casson Busreh
The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S City of Cambridge Finister, Calcutta
S S Chanda, Cunningham Karachi.
S S Dunera, Walker China and Japan.
The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Morea for London.
Steamer Bamora for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Delta for China
Steamer War Cuta for Tuticorin.

S S War Cuta:—The B I S N Company's steamer War Cuta, 1488 tons Captain J R Duncan, arrived in harbour yesterday from Tuticorin, with a general cargo.

S S Hannover:—The steamer Hannover, 4624 tons, Captain D S F Carson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with troops.

S S City of Cambridge:—The W and A Graham Company's steamer City of Cambridge, 4557 tons, Captain J M Finister, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Chanda:—The B I S N Company's steamer Chanda, 4029 tons, Captain F G Cunningham, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Karachi, with a general cargo.

S S Dunera:—The B I S N Company's China and Japan mail steamer Dunera, 5419 tons, Captain W Walker, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for China and Japan Ports, with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORT.

May 19.

S S Caledonia for London:—93 cwt chutnew, N K Jussawala; 1 bale cotton, B. Tricumlal and Co.

S S Chanda for Dunkirk:—2090 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 200 cwt mustorseed, Volkart Bros.

S S Ridderkirk for Copenhagan:—200 bales cotton fly, B. Meyer and Co.

S S Ridderkirk for Norkoping:—30 bales cotton, Patel Bros.

S S Ridderkirk for Antwerp:—220 bales cotton fly, B. Meyer and Co.; 85 bales cotton, Patel Bros.

S S Ridderkirk for Ghent:—55 bales cotton, Patel Bros.; 55 bales cotton, Forbes F. Campbell and Co.

S S Ridderkirk for New York:—690 cwt. gum Kadaya, Narsee Mooljee and Co.

S S Ridderkirk for Rotterdam:—6006 cwt. myrabollams, D Bulcajee and Co. 94 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha.

S S Trever for Trieste:—715 bales cotton, Patel Bros.; 55 bales cotton, N Rajaram and Co.; 168 bales cotton, Kalli Bros.

S S Trever for Piraeus:—1000 cwt myrabollams, Forbes F Campbell and Co.

S S Trever for Venice:—1200 bales cotton, Kalli Bros.

S S Wakasa Maru for Kobe:—1000 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

S S Wakasa Maru for Osaka:—500 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

S S Wakasa Maru for Yakohama:—500 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

S S Wakasa Maru for Yokoachi:—500 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

S S Kashu Maru for Kobe:—500 bales cotton, Gosho K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, Ozu Burin and Co.; 400 bales cotton, C. Bomanjee and Co.

S S Jeypore for Kobe:—70 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Jeypore for Moji:—800 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Jeypore for Yakohama:—300 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Jeypore for Yakoachi:—453 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha.

S S Jeypore for Shanghai:—1300 bales cotton, Toyo M Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, M. Amersey and Co.

IMPORT

May 10.

S S Kalagola from Durban. Agents British I S N Co.:—14326 bags sugar, 1716 pces sugar, 4621 bags bark, 548 bags moong, 332 bags sim sim. 62 bags groundnut, 37 bags, napupaseed, 173 tusks ivory, 318 bales cloves, 28 drums olive oil, 1132 bales cotton, 2016 bag scopra.

S S Umta from Calcutta. Agents British India Steam N. Co.:—7500 tons coal.

S S City of Cambridge from New York. Agents W and A Graham and Co.:—233 boxes clocks, 31 cases cigarettes, 275 cases melted milk, 716 bales cotton, 428 bdles dry dyes, 115 bdles aniline dyes, 408 cases aniline dyes, 20 cases dental cream, 26 cases envelopes, 200 bdles grease, 516 cases grease 359 bars silver 1941 bdles lubricating oil, 6550 cases lubricating oil.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 19th May 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is nearly normal or in defect. Both day and night temperatures are higher than usual, the excess above normal amounting to 13 deg. in the case of the former and 16 deg. in the case of the latter at Rawalpindi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and humidity remains in defect. Day temperature is higher than usual; night temperature is above normal except at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear except at Karachi where they are moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess in Sind. Day temperature is nearly normal; night temperature is lower than usual at Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in Central India West and lightly or moderately clouded in Gujarat and Kathiawar. Humidity is in excess in Central India West. Both day and night temperatures remain nearly normal.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect at Saugor, Nagpur and Raipur. Both day and night temperatures are nearly normal or higher than usual. Chanda reports a maximum temperature of 114 deg.

The Konkan. Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature remain nearly normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly clouded in the north Bombay Deccan and east Hyderabad. Humidity is in defect at Malegaon and Nizamabad. Both day and night temperatures are higher than usual in east Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—No rain is reported. Skies are heavily clouded on the north Madras coast and lightly or moderately clouded over the greater part of the Peninsula and of the Central Provinces, Gujarat, Kathiawar and lower Sind. Temperature remains higher than usual in the Punjab and the United Provinces.

Forecast.—Dry weather is likely to continue except in Malabar where a few falls of rain may occur.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 18th May 1921.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Assam and local in Bay Islands and Burma with a few falls in Bengal and Malabar

Chief amounts are:—Victoria Point one and a half inches; Tavoy one; Bhamo, Gauhati one and a half; Dhubri two; Cherrapunji twenty.

The Western disturbance in Kashmir is unimportant.

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for all kinds of fevers Malaria Influenza Ague etc. Price Rs. 1-2 each.
Batliwala's BALAMRIT—for weak children & thin adults. Tonic. as. 10 each.
Batliwala's (Cure-All) Balm—for all kinds of Pain, Strains, Headache etc. as. 9 each.
Batliwala's (Genuine) Quinine—Tablets one grain each in Bottle of hundred. Rs. 1-4 each.
Batliwala's Tonic Pills—for pale and anaemic people An aphrodisiac Rs. 1-8 each.
Batliwala's Cholerol—for dysentry and diarrhoe and for Cholera Rs. 1. each.
Batliwala's (Genuine) Quinine Tablets two grains each. Rs. 1-12 as.
Batliwala's Tooth Powder. As. 4 each.
Batliwala's Ringworm Ointment for all kinds of itches, Dhobi itch etc. As 4 each.
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BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Auction Sale of Old Sailors' Home, Carnac Road, 4 p.m.

The Apollo Mills Ltd.; Extraordinary General Meeting, 375 Hornby Road, 5 p.m.

The Madras United Spg., and Wvg., Mills Co., Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting, 303, Hornby Road, 4-10 p.m.

The Premier Mills Ltd., Ordinary General Meeting, 137, Esplanade Road, 3 p.m.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per extra steamer Tymeric via Dhanushkodi and Colombo close at 6-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, MAY 21.

The s.s. "Morea" with outward mails leaves at 1 p.m.

Mails for Mombasa, Zanzibar, L. Marquis and other places in S. Africa etc., per the "Kargola" close at 9 a.m.

BAND AT YACHT CLUB.

The band of the G. I. P. Rly. Regt. A. F. (India) will play at the Royal Yacht Club to-day (Friday) commencing at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DIST CONGRESS COMMITTEE,

Under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day at 9-30 p.m. in Diamond Hall, Jhaveri Hemchand's Bunglow, at Ville Parla to protest against the Government in granting a license for opening a foreign liquor-shop at Ville Parle.

Mr. Burjorji Framji Bharucha will preside.

After the termination of the meeting the Gujarati poet Lalit will recite his National Songs.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

The Bombay Government "Gazette" of Thursday May 19 states:—

Irrigated crops are in fair condition. Harvesting of rabi crops continues. Picking of cotton is in progress. Lands are being prepared for kharif sowing. The supply of fodder was sufficient except in parts of Karachi, Sukkur, Nawabshah, Thar Parkar, Panch Mahals, Broach, Deccan, Bijapur and Kolhapur. The supply of water for drinking was sufficient except in parts of Panch Mahals, Broach, Deccan, Karnatak, kolaba and Kolhapur. Water for irrigation is generally deficient. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition except in parts of Thar Parkar, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Bijapur and Belgaum where it is deteriorating. Prices of food-grains were almost stationary. The quantities purchasable per rupee were as follows:—

Percentage below normal.—Sind 64 to 73; Gujarat 60 to 71; Konkan 24 to 53; Deccan 58 to 77; Karnatak 50 to 68.

FAMINE RELIEF.

The Bombay Government "Gazette" of May 19 reports:—

There were five relief works in progress in Broach, eight in the Panch Mahals, eight in Ahmednagar, seven in Satara and nine in Bijapur. Gratuitous relief is being given to the decrepit and needy and dole to inferior village servants wherever required. Fifty-one village kitchens and two poor houses are being maintained in Ahmednagar. The condition of people on works and on gratuitous relief is satisfactory. Fodder continues scarce and measures for its supply by Government Agency are in progress. Cactus fodder is being used freely. Cattle in camps are thriving.

The numbers in receipt of relief during the week ending 7th May 1921 were as follows:—

District.	Relief works.	Depea-dants.	Gratuitous relief
Panch Mahals	... 1,238	...	564
Broach	... 650	...	947
West Khandesh	... ...	...	161
Ahmednagar	... 13,029	5,439	21,862
Poona	... ...	...	2,125
Sholapur	... ...	...	4,959
Satara	... 1,289	...	3 234
Bijapur	... 5,222	1,367	4,443
Belgaum	... ...	...	5,445
Total	... 21,428	6,806	41,780

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

"Treat 'em Rough" a Screen production of the famous novel "The Two Gun Man" by Charles Alden Seltzer, will be the feature at the Royal Opera House for a week commencing from Saturday the 21st instant. In "Treat 'em Rough" Tom Mix, whose daring feats have won for him the title of "Fearless Tom," is said to have his greatest role, that of Ned Ferguson, the two-gun man. This is only one of the dozen or more thrills that have been put in this picture to make it the best Tom Max has ever done. You will hold your breath towards the finish when you see Tom Mix roll down a steep incline in a horseless wagon and batter away a small Fort occupied by the cattle bandits he is running down. The love interest in the story is the cause of many daring acts on Mix's part. It is to save the girl, that Tom bulldogs a steer and stops a heard of stampeding cattle running straight for her prostrate form.

Markets are flooded with counterfeit eight and two-anna coins which appear well turned out, difficult of detection in currency, and more care when accepting change been recommended.

The advance party of the Mount Everest Expedition left on Wednesday. The rest of the party with Colonel Bury leave to-morrow.

Dr. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR

"DIABETES SPECIALIST"

"PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE."

If you are inclined to have a complete and perfect Cure of the wasting "Diabetes", please see details on Saturday's issue of this paper Consult in person for further information to:—

Ghia building Khetwadi Main Road, Opp. H. G. Library, Girgaon, Bombay. Consultation Hours:—9 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

BOMBAY POLICE C

ACQUITTED OF CAUSIN

At the Girgaon Police Cou... H. Dastoor, Acting Fourth P... trate, disposed of a case in wh... Raghu, (2) Ananda Gunpat, ... Kondaji were charged with vol... hurt to one Dagdu Bhimaji.

Deputy Inspector Dyer cond... secution.

The facts of the case, brief... that on the night of the 26th ... Dagdu was having his meal a... place. As he was going out af... meals, the accused who bore hi... up and assaulted him. Thereu... No. 1 kicked him and threw h... assaulted him with a stick on ... the result that it was fractu... cused Nos. 2 and 3 dealt him b... ately he reported the matter ... man on duty and was then ta... J. Hospital where his injury w... and was sent home. Subseq... died of Tiranus on the 3rd of M...

The defence of the accused w... attended the caste dinner at the ... Kashao Girja opposite to th... aunt. They further stated th... his aunt brought some Bohra ... had the accused assaulted by ... accused thus received several ... were taken to the J. J. Hospi... ment. Thereupon the ... ed the Mayala... police came and arrest... trouble. Seeing his hirelings in ... Dagdu inflicted the injury on the big toe of his foot.

His Worship, after hearing the evidence, believed the defence of the accused and ordered them to be acquitted.

Mr. K. K. Azad, Bar-at-Law instructed by Mr. Babrekar, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. R. P. Thanawalla, Bar-at-Law defended the accused.

COUNTER-CASE.

At the Girgaon Police Court, before Mr. H. P. Dastur, Ag. Fourth Presidency Magistrate, Sitaram Raghu; Ananda Ganput and Najuram Kondaji charged. (1) Dagdu Bhimaji; (2) Parvartibai; (3) Genu Kanu; (4) Hassan Jina; (5) Ibrahim Hassanalli; (6) Mohmedalli Ismail with voluntary causing hurt and aiding and abetting each other in the commission of the offence. Mr. R. P. Thanawalla, Bar-at-Law, appeared for the Complainants; while Mr. Babrekar, pleader, appeared for accused Nos. 2 and 3, and Mr. Tejani, pleader for Nos. 4, 5 and 6. Accused No. 1 died after the complaint was filed.

The facts of the case, briefly stated are that when the accused were having a caste dinner No. 1, came from the house opposite and struck Sitaram on the head with a stick when he went to fetch accused Nos. 4, 5 and 6. When they came there, they were instigated by Parvati and Genu to assault the complainants.

His Worship after having heard the evidence, discharged accused Nos. 2 and 3 and convicted accused Nos. 4, 5 and 6 and ordered them to pay a fine of Rs. 15 each and further ordered them to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 20 to keep the peace and to observed good behaviour for a period of six months.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND INSULT.

At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. P. L. Thucker, Additional Presidency Magistrate, one Jethmal Narandas, a Hindu landlord was charged with having assaulted and insulted one Mr. Ardeshir B. Chothia, a share and stock broker on the 8th of February at 4 p.m. When the case was called out, the accused's pleader, Mr. Desai applied to His Worship for the postponement of it as he wanted to refer the matter to the High Court. His Worship, accordingly, postponed the case till the 2nd of June.

MURDERING HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.

On Thursday the Coroner and a jury held an inquest regarding the death of one Jorabai, a Mahomedan widow, aged 45 years and residing at Surti Mohalla. The evidence showed that one Amir Vali a motor-driver had married a daughter of the deceased and lived with her for some time and then disappeared. On Wednesday he came to the deceased's place and asked for his motor-certificate which he said he had deposited with her. On the deceased denying all knowledge about the certificate, the man began to abuse her and she also returned it. At this, the man Amir, got excited took out a knife which he had wrapped in a handkerchief and struck her under the left armpit. The knife went right through her side and she fell down and died on the spot. On receipt of information Inspector Bird went to the place and arrested the suspect.

The medical evidence showed that the woman died of haemorrhage due to division of the axillary artery and vein.

The jury returned a verdict of death caused by a wound inflicted in her left arm pit with a knife by Amir Vali.

Amir Vali was on Thursday charged before Mr. Frank Oliveira at the Mazagaon Police Court with murder and was remanded.

AT THE EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

DOORMATS

The Warwick Comedy Company gave a performance of "Doormats", a play by H. M. Davies, last night. It is called a comedy, but we saw much in it that made us sorry. It is the story of an artist called Noel Gale who has married Leila, a butterfly sort of person. Soon after her marriage, this Leila finds it pleasant to transfer her affections to Captain Harding, whose portrait her husband was painting. Then when her husband goes to America for a few months, she more than flirts with Captain Harding. On Noel's return his uncle and aunt tell him how disgracefully his wife has been behaving in his absence. Noel is helpless. He is and has always been a 'doormat' to his wife. Therefore, instead of divorcing Leila, he asks Leila to divorce him. A scene follows between the eternal triangle, in which Leila finds out how selfish Captain Harding is and how unselfish Noel is. A reconciliation between husband and wife then takes place, which only shows how unmanly and contemptible Noel is.

Mr. Thorpe Mayne did not look at all as if he loved Leila. He looked so preoccupied with other things. Miss Mayne as Leila was distinctly good. In her gestures and expression there was just that kind of wickedness which a foolish woman has. Mr. Dudley Howarth as Captain Harding was quite convincing. Mr. Tom Fenwick as Noel's uncle and Miss Lena Flowerdew as Noel's aunt were positively entertaining. We like Mr. Fenwick particularly in such a part. Miss Marjory Clark was unwell and so her part of the maid was taken by Miss Bradley.

[redacted]

pects that the number of patients would grow with the growing appreciation of the usefulness of Dr. Rayakar's work; and it is necessary to think of placing this Charitable Dispensary—a unique feature in Bombay—on a sound financial basis. The committee would request the generous and charitably disposed public of this city of Bombay and elsewhere to help the Committee in securing a good round sum. This would enable the Committee to push forward the sphere of this useful and necessary work and put this Dispensary on a permanent footing.

The Committee expresses their deep sense of gratitude for the timely assistance given all these years by the generous public of this city and elsewhere. The liberal-minded Trustees of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia Charities have kindly given an annual donation of Rs. 300 for the last three years and renewed the same for 2 years more.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS OF BOMBAY.

RESULT OF FIRST L. C. P. S. EXAMINATION

Out of 238 candidates who appeared at the First L.C.P.S. Examination held last month the following 147 have passed:—

Clement Alexander Abraham; Ratilal Jivanram Adhvaryu; Subraya Narsingrao Alekal; Augustine Sadanandan Ambett; Chandrashankar Girjashankar Antani; Laxman Balwant Apte; Shivrao Venkatrao Arangady; Ramswami C. A. Ayer; Janakprasad Satyaprasad Badshah; Govind Gopal Bam; Shankar Chintaman Bambure; Bhavanshankar Narayan Bhat; Navnidhrai Harilal Bhat; Thakorprasad Nanalal Bhat; Chintaman Kashiram Bhavsar; Sheeram Bhoomanah; Dinkar Babshet Bole; Jeevaratnan Subbayya Bula; Benjamin Vishwas Canaran; Appalanarasiah Dadi; Jashbhai Shankarbhai Desai; Ramchandra Sadashiv Deshmukh; Laxmikantrao Ramrao Deshpande; Baburao Bhaskarrao Devrokhkar; Dalsingh; Mrs. Leonilda S'Souza Dias; Sri Govind Diwan; Vankikuram Narsinhaiyri Doraiswami; Miss Magdelena A. D'souza; Miss Gulbai Valabhdas Engineer; Ramdas Ennala; Vincent Fonseca; Joseph Francis Freeman; Vaman Nilkanth Gadgil; Bhimsingh Gadval; Vishnu Balsant Godbole, Purushottam Vaman Gokhale; Arthur Gomes; Krishnaji Govind Gosavi; Madhav Eknath Gujar; Willoughby Albert Irvine; Nerur Rajagopal Iyer; Malhari Dadu Jadhav; Ramasastry Jampa; Hari Balkrishna Joshi; Pranshankar Narayan Joshi; Rajaram Krishna Joshi; Narhar Sitaram Juvekar; Raghunath Gangaram Kadam; Mrs. Aoobai Kale; Shantaram Ganesh Kaluskar; Madhav Kashinath Kane; Vinayak Vaman Kane; Vithal Ramchandra Kane; Narayan Amrit Kango; Ghaurailal Katiyar; Syed Abdul Majid Amiruddin Kazi; Ganpat Narayan Khade; Sadanand Venkat Khambadkone; Laxman Balwant Kharvandikar; Gopal Krishna Khot; Mrs. Sitabai Kirtane; Venkat Ramarao Kolla; Krishna Laxman Kolhatkar; Prabhakar Martand Kotwal; Govind Shantaram Kowadkar; Damodar Nagesh Kulkarni; Dattatraya Mahadev Kulkarni; Lingo Anandrao Kulkarni; Mahadev Keshav Kulkarni; Narayanrao Vyankatrao Kulkarni; Narhar Moreshwar Kulkarni; Shankar Hari Kulkarni; Shivram Hari Kulkarni; Vishwanath Balwantrao Kulkarni; Krishnaji Hari Kunte; Ganesh Krishna Lokurkar; Trimbak Rajaram Mahabaleshwarkar; Ganesh Mahadeo Mahajan; Laxman Bhimarao Mahajan; Maheshwar Ganesh Mahajan; Balkrishna Govind Mahajan; Ramrao Suryanarayanrao Mangalore; Kashinath Vishnu Mangaonkar; Mojilal Harilal Mankad; Vaman Laxman Marathe; Tribhuvan Ananda Marcus; Chunilal Valji Mehta; Keshavlal Mohanlal Mehta; Nandlal A. Modi; Mohammad Abdulla; Achyutrao Lakshmanrao Moorching; M. Lazarus Moses; Ahmed Musa Adam Munshi; Dattatraya Mangesh Nadkarni; Ramrao Rudra Nadkarni; Janna Ramchandra Naidu; Gangolli Balkrishna Sheshappa Naik; Arulanandoham Nallatambi; Shankar Narayan Nalvade; Srinivasrao Nippani; Shankar Hanmant Padhye; Sitaram Keshav Palekar; Mukand Ganpatrao Pandit; Vishnu Vyankatesh Pandit; Jayshankar Motiram Pandya; Mahadev Govind Panvalkar; Vinayak Dattatraya Paprikar; Gopaldas Purushottamdas Parikh; Ambalal Lajdas Parmar; Ranchhod Kuber Parmar; Ramchandra Nanarao Parvatikar; Chhotabhai Shankarbhai Patel; Gordhanbhai Jethabhai Patel; Mahadev Ganesh Pathak; Dattatraya Chintaman Pathak; Hari Laxmanrao Purohit; Veepula Rajagopalrao; Annaswami Venkoba Row; Miss Sulochanabai Rubdi; Vithal Ramchandra Sahasrabudhe; John Birendra Samaddar; Chakranarayan Babaji Savaleramji; Miss Lila Dinkar Sawarkar; Manekshah Dinshaji Sethna; Ambalal Sankalchand Shah; Chimanlal Sankalchand Shah; Vadilal Nanchand Shah; Ambalal Harnamdas Sharma; Gaurishankar Sadashiv Shibad; Revashankar Manhashankar Shukla; Pooniah Solomon; Moreshwar Chintaman Soman; Miss Cissy M. Susai; Bindu Gurrao Tanksali; Abbasali Husainbhai Taqui; Bhagwant Ranganath Vaidya; Bhaskar Dhirajram Vaidya; Dattatraya Chintaman Vaidya; Dinkar Kashinath Vaidya; Raghuviprasad Prahladprasad Vaishnav; Anant Bhikaji Vamburkar; Madhusudanrai G. Vasavada; Devidas Trimbak Visal; Ratilal Jivanram Vyas; Bhalchandra Balwant Watve; Narayan Narsingarao Yadapanawar.

It is understood that a committee will shortly be appointed by the Punjab Government to consider the question of modification of the Income-tax Act.

Mr. J. P. Thompson, who was to have resumed his duties on Wednesday as Chief Secretary to the Punjab Government, is still engaged in completing the the report of the Railway Police Committee over which he presided. He has accordingly postponed resumption of office for a few days.

legal q... sent at the deliberations. Most of the time of ... spent in considering the ... mittee's resolutions and particularly one on the Commissioner's letter regarding the abnormal health conditions of the city. After good deal of discussion, the letter was recorded, nothing further being done with it. The Commissioner said the abnormal conditions now reigning in the city the high mortality was due and better conditions could only prevail with a good monsoon. He, however, could not connect dirt and mortality so closely as some of the members would do. The Corporation, after transacting some other business, adjourned to June 16.

RISE IN MORTALITY.

The Corporation considered a letter from the Municipal Commissioner about the rising death-rate in the city during the last few months. It was stated:

"The figures show that of the increase that has taken place, more than half has been due to Pneumonia and the other Respiratory Diseases which in fatal Influenza are the usual cause of death. Influenza, it is true, has only accounted for 9 per cent. of the total increase. On the other hand the mortality from Influenza in March, when 247 deaths occurred, has been five times as great as in December and Influenza, may in these circumstances safely be assumed to be the true cause of the epidemic of fatal Pneumonia which prevails in the City.

Deaths both from Pneumonia and Influenza have steadily risen in number from December onwards and the apparent increase of Influenza, at a much greater rate, is in reality only due to the well-known fact that as the presence of an epidemic becomes more widely recognised a larger proportion of deaths from Influenzal pneumonia are properly certified as due to Influenza and not to the complications which lead to the fatal issue."

Mr. H. P. Mody moved that the letter be recorded.

Dr. Sukhia was not satisfied with the report and he wanted to know the root-cause of the present high mortality. He thought it was due to the bad condition of their sewers and drains and unless the monsoon set in within the next three weeks and washed the drains and storm water channels clear, the city's mortality figure would go up considerably. He was of the opinion that well water should be made use of for washing house-gullies. The fall in the death rate was not due to the work of the Health Department, but to the migration of a large number of people from the city.

COMMISSIONER TESTIFIES TO BOMBAY'S CLEANLINESS!

The Municipal Commissioner said Dr. Sukhia's criticism was not very appropriate when considering a report of this kind. He had the highest respect for the medical profession and particularly those who represented it on the Corporation, but like every other profession their knowledge was rather limited and could not go beyond a certain point. Even if they employed the best experts in the world to find out the cause of the high mortality, he was sure, they would disagree and the Corporation would be no wiser than before. At the most they might say that the high mortality was due to the dirty conditions of the city, and the Corporation might not like to believe the experts. He, however would say that although they laboured, at the present time, under great disadvantages owing to the scarcity of water, Bombay was cleaner than any city on this side of Suez. He assured the Corporation that every effort was being made by the Municipal Executive to flush house gullies and keep the city generally clean. Dr. Sukhia wanted the Corporation to believe that when the mortality figures went up the Health Department should be blamed for it, and when it went down they should thank heaven for it. As regards the migration of people from Bombay only the people from the famine districts who had come to Bombay, both from the Deccan and the Gujrath, had now returned to their districts to prepare for the agricultural season. He was the last to deny that there was a connection between dirt and disease, but in the immediate circumstances in which they were placed that connection was not absolutely so close that they could trace their high mortality.

DIRT AND DISEASE THEORY.

Dr. Viegas said whether there was any connection between dirt and disease or not they could not get over the fact that a city which ought to be the cleanist, owing to its natural advantages was not

Mr. N. M. Joshi wa... tion to seriously conside... question. The Commissioner ... that Bombay was the cleanest city on this side of the Suez; but he hoped the Commissioner would pitch his ambition a little higher, and make it cleaner than the cities on the other side of the Suez.

The motion was then carried.

The Corporation then adjourned to June 16.

BENGAL & FINANCIAL ADJUSTMENT

CLAIM FOR CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO MEET DEFICIT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 19.

About seven months ago the National Liberal League memoralised the Government of India on the question of financial adjustment under the Reforms. It then pointed out that Bengal would be faced with a deficit of two crores and fifty two lakhs of rupees to carry on ordinary expenses of the Province the urged the claim for a capital contriubtion of ten crores of rupees from the Government of India and, as a solution, suggested that the whole of export duty on jute be surrendered to Bengal.

The league has now organised a deputation to urge the case of Bengal before the Parliamentary Joint Committee and the Secretary of State for India. The following gentlemen have been elected members of the deputation and all of them have left for England:—The Hon. Sir B. C. Mitter, Sir Rajendra Nath Mukherjee, Sir Deva Prosad Sarbadhicari, Sir Nilratan Sircar, Principal Heramba Chandra Maitra and Mr. J. N. Bose.

MILITARY REQUIREMENTS OF INDIA.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 19.

In pursuance of the undertaking given in the Legislative Assembly in connection with the Budget, His Excellency the Viceroy had decided to appoint a committee to examine military requirements of India with the object of preparing materials for further examination of this question by a sub-committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence. The Committee will be composed as follows:—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and member of the Army Council President, and the Hon. Mr. Shafi, the Hon. Mr. Hailey, the Hon. Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, the Hon. Mr. D. S. Bray, Sir Siwaswamy Iyer and Lt. Hissamuddin of the 23rd Cavalry, Indian Army, as members.

The Committee which will commence its work on the 25th instant will examine such witnesses as it may decide to call, both official and non-official. In particular it will ascertain views of local Governments regarding their requirements in matters of troops for the purposes of internal security. The Committee will submit its report to the Governor-General in Council as soon as it completes its labours.

MUNITIONS BOARD CASE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS)

CALCUTTA, May 18.

In connection with the application made before the Chief Presidency Magistrate by P. H. Michael, an accused in the Munitions Board cases regarding enquiry of his boxes seized in England, the Public Prosecutor said the boxes remained in Scotland Yard, and was made over to the Calcutta Police in March last. The police wanted to examine the boxes with a view to ascertaining which papers were wanted and which to be returned to Michael. Counsel on behalf of the accused said he was not aware of those facts.

The Magistrate passed an order directing the police to examine the contents of the boxes.

Recently a theft was committed in the Perogpur Treasury in the Barisal District. Properties worth about five thousand rupees of local officers which were deposited in the Treasury were stolen.

The police have arrested twenty-one persons concerned in the recent murder of Blahmin Akkur Gundappa a former member of the Mysore Representative Assembly at Malagala.

employmen... ment is the uni... fuse returning to the ... anxious to go to their homes in the United and Central Provinces and Madras. Being absolutely penniless and without provisions they are determined to march home. Cholera has broken out. An epidemic is apprehended. Immediate relief is necessary. The local Congress Committee and local charity are wholly unable to cope with the situation. The presence of all-India leaders is needed. Fifty thousand rupees are required urgently for partial relief. Contributions may be sent to Charuchandra Datta, Secretary, Congress Committee, Sylhet.

BOMBAY STRIKES.

CHINA MILLS DECLARE LOCK-OUT

Quite a number of strikers have cropped up in Bombay during the last few days in addition to the yet unsettled dead-locks at the P. and O. and B. I. S. N Company's dockyards. The men of the New China Mill who came out on Saturday last, did not resume work on Thursday whereupon the management have put the following notice declaring lock-out at the entrances of the mill:—"The employees of the mill struck work without any previous notice and are unwiling to resume work. The mills have therefore, to be kept closed till the men return to work." The men of course collected near the mill premises in the morning but did not take any notice of the manager's notice.

The men of the P. and O. and the B. I. S. N. Company's dockyards received their wages till Thursday, but they did not show the slightest inclination of returning to work.

About 400 men of the Tata Publicity Corporation's two printing presses also have gone on strike and are still holding out.

REHABILITATION OF GOVT. SECURITIES.

COMMUNICATIONS TO COMMITTEE.

The Government of India have appointed a Committee in Bombay under the chairmanship of Mr. Dadiba Merwanjee Dalal, C.I.E., to advise them as to the action to be taken in order to give effect to the following Resolution regarding the rehabilitation of Government securities which was adopted by the Council of State on the 23rd February last:—

"This Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council that the financial policy of Government be so directed as to ensure the early rehabilitation of Government securities, with due regard to the necessity of funding the temporary debt and to the provision of capital expenditure for productive purposes."

Any person or association wishing to place his or its views before the Committee is requested to communicate the same in writing to the Secretary to the Government Securities Committee, c/o the Deputy Controller of the Currency, New Custom House, Ballard Road, Bombay.

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, May 19.

In the Karachi freight market the little enquiry which showed itself last week has since disappeared and the market has again relapsed into a state of stagnation. Bookings:—Port Said five hundred tons flour in May at twenty shilling. Hull five hundred tons seeds-cotton in May at twentyone shillings three pence. Liverpool, two hundred tons seeds cotton in June twenty shillings. London, five hundred tons seed cotton in August at twentyone shillings three pence. Venice, two hundred fifty tons cotton in June at twenty shillings.

BOMBAY.

Sir D. J. TATA, Kt., Chairman.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Friday, May 20, 1921.

THE PALESTINE CRIME.

What is the condition of Palestine, we should much like to ask of those who have assumed responsibility towards God and man for the good Government of what we used to call the Holy Land. After the recent fighting between Jews and Arabs in the town of Jaffa, martial law was proclaimed, and we are told that now all is quiet both at Jaffa and elsewhere. It is easy for the strong to silence every protest of the weak by a blow on the head; but martial law has not the force of argument, and we do not imagine that its rigours have made the Arab inhabitants—Muslim and Christian, aye and Jewish too, for there are Jews in Palestine whose mother-tongue is Arabic—any more enamoured of the foul injustice that is being done to them than they were when, in their anger, they attacked the Jewish immigrants. These immigrants are being brought into the land against the will of the inhabitants; they appear to the latter in the light of alien enemies, and they assume the airs of conquerors, strong in the "special position" promised to them by the British Government and in the support of the British army of occupation. According to the Arabic Press, a conference held at Haifa last December resolved unanimously (1) to protest against the Balfour declaration giving Palestine as a "national home" for the jews, (2) to demand the establishment of a national native Government, (3) to organise public opinion. Sir Herbert Samuel, the British Governor, questioned the representative nature of that con-[redacted]gain, day Zionism on of the majority of e world. Yet the lead- is organisation—all clever pro-pagandists—never admit that they do not speak in the name of ancient as well as modern Jewry." The "Mirat-esh-Sherk" went on to say that if anyone had a doubt as to what the country wished, the best way to solve it would be to take the verdict of the country by convening a national assembly. All this happened before the recent fighting at Jaffa which it seems probable marks the despair of the unfortunate Arab population on finding its legitimate demands ignored.

Mr. Churchill has said that all that Britain promised to the Zionist movement in Palestine was a "fair chance" of establishing a "national home," that it is admittedly an experiment which must "succeed only on its merits. What are the *merits* of the case? The population of Palestine at the time of the Armistice was thus composed: Muslims 5,00,000, Christians 60,000, Jews 60,000. Palestine was an inhabited country, every acre of its territory being owned by somebody; and it was naturally regarded by its inhabitants as their national home They regarded it as belonging to them, and the British proclamation of self-determination, or at any rate full self-government for the people of the country was calculated to encourage them in that opinion. On the *merits* of the case the only way in which the Jews could justly obtain a predominant position in Palestine was on the basis of their existing element in the population by the way of public service; if the Jewish element had proved their worth in that way to the population, there would have been no objection to Jewish immigrants who accepted the same status. But that is not at all what Mr. Churchill means by the Zionist experiment "succeeding on its merits" We doubt if he himself knows what he really means. The merits of Zionism as an ideal may be great or small, but they cannot be expected to appeal to the native inhabitants of Palestine who have their own ideal of national development and are the legal owners of the land. The Arabs are allowed no say in the matter of Jewish immigration. It is being forced on them under the British occupation of the country. The immigrants do not come on an equality with the native population; they have a privileged position and the support of the British administration. Above all they come not as Asiatics, but as European colonists of a country which has been inhabited from prehistoric times. That is the crux of the whole question, as between the Jews and Arabs. If the Jews were content with the status of native inhabitants of Palestime, there would be little or no objection to their immigration; but the privileged position of the immigrants, and their arrogant announcement that they come to take the country, have raised a storm of rage against them throughout Western Asia, which probably will not subside for centuries. In our opinion. —and we know Palestine and the surrounding countries intimately—the Jews who go to Palestine on these conditions. go into a death-trap. They may seem to triumph for a while, so long as Britain takes the trouble to protect them and impose their presence on a hostile folk, but sooner or later they will be wiped out entirely. If the leaders of the Zionist movement were as far-seeing as they are enthusiastic they would be the first to stop the present rush of Jewish immigration and implore the British to do justice to the Arab claims. If the success of the Zionist movement is to be judged upon its merits in regard to Palestine then we may say it has already failed.

What are the British doing in this galley, one may well inquire? We hear from British officers in Palestine of their intense race. We are driven to suspect that as in the case of the Greeks in Thrace and Smyrna, so in the case of the Jews in Palestine, high-sounding, empty but bewildering phrases have been used to cloak the meanest of transactions—a mere money deal between unmentionable individuals. The colour of an ignorant, insane religious motive has been given to both questions cunningly, to hide the truth from a public which is supremely ignorant of Eastern matters, therefore gullible. The fall of Venizelos has afforded to the Government of India an opportunity to attack the one injustice. Let them attack the other on the pretext of the dangerous state of Arab feeling, which, being known at least to Mr. Churchill, will give weight to their remarks. Let them insist upon a national Government for Palestine at once. The setting up of an autonomous Arab State in Palestine will go a long way to convince the Muslims of the world that British policy towards Islam has really changed for the better; it will relieve the British in Palestine from a shameful position. and will save the Jewish race from an immense disaster.

MISSIONARIES AND EDUCATION.

We cannot imagine a more rid[redacted] attempt at specious reasoning th[redacted] one which the "Times of India" [redacted]ed in on Tuesday in connection with missionary schools. Our contemporary asks, why do the missionaries teach, and answers that it is "for the sake of teaching religion." But the objection of the non-Christian public is not to the missionaries' dedicating their lives to the teaching of religion, but to their making it compulsory for all students attending their schools not only to attend the Bible classes but also to submit to tests in Biblical knowledge, success or failure in which may materially affect their course of education. It is all very well to say that no parent is compelled to send his child to any mission school. The crux of the question is whether the missionaries after accepting "grant-in-aid" from the State, which is committed to neutrality in religion, can morally and on grounds of public weal insist on imposing restrictions calculated to wound the susceptibilities, as well as retard the normal progress of the education of the non-Christian youth in their schools. The missionary schools are public schools and not convents or seminaries of religious orders. Accepting state aid, they must conform to certain recognised standards. It is preposterous to suggest, as the "Times" does, that by the adoption of a conscience clause Government will deprive these missionaries of "their opportunities of teaching religion." The missionaries are at liberty to "teach religion" to their heart's content by holding voluntary religious classes in their schools, to which whosoever is eager to profit by such teaching, will be attracted. But they have no right to expect State aid for *such* teaching. From the way they have been resisting the Conscience Clause it is evident that they prefer to teach "religion" by compulsion instead of by persuasion and they expect the State to aid them in their attempts! Can a more preposterous claim be advanced? The remarks of the "Times" that "India has no serious objection to the policy which has ruled hitherto" and that it is Mr. Gandhi who is responsible for the agitation against missionary schools, show how out of touch with the facts of the situation our contemporary is. The journal is obviously unaware that it is the Hon Mr. S. Sastri who has been advocating for years past the necessity of a Conscience Clause and that Mr. Gandhi has had little or no connection with the recent controversy in connection with the [redacted]ge. Moreover, if Indians so long the compulsory religion" by missionaries in it was not because they ap- but simply because they in the matter as they had all over the Educational dget. Now, when they are quire this control, one of tasks will certainly be ompulsory teaching of "re- State aid. If the missiona- carry on their religious pro- y have ample facilities out- lic schools.

[redacted]s of the Day.

[redacted]pening at Malegaon?

Malegaon is becoming more [redacted]caron. The authorities with [redacted]rmed police have strongly themselves there. With the of the licenses, which are the police, the running of tongas, which are never more then half a dozen, between Malegaon and Manmad, has been suspended altogether, and communication with Malegaon has become very difficult, if not quite impossible. The people in the town are in the throes of a panic owing to the tyranny of the system that is slowly but steadily closing round them. No one seems to be feeling safe about the freedom of his person by reason of the activities of the police. One of the members of the Enquiry Committee appointed by the Maharashtra Provincial Conference, who visited the town, a few days ago, interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative, said that when they visited the town, they found the atmosphere surcharged with suspicion and distrust, in view of the reckless manner in which only the Non-Cooperation and Khilafat workers were being arrested. The majority of the arrests are so far among Mahomedan workers, and one or two leading Hindus including Mr. Balusa have been arrested. The members of the Committee found it very difficult to obtain any information except from the local Moderates who feel safe to indulge in calumniating the other party and its leaders. It would appear that the Mahomedans as a whole kept aloof from the visitors and otherwise evaded them. In the circumstances the visitors could get no useful information. The whole Committee is however expected to proceed to Malegaon shortly to hold the inquiry. Its reception in the town will be a matter of interest, especially as the people seem to be afraid that whoever might give useful information that is likely to discredit the official theories, will soon find himself in the clutches of the police.

Arresting the Innocent.

Mr. Balusa, who has been arrested, is a Hindu Congress and Khilafat worker, who took active interest in the affairs of both. He owns a printing press just opposite the house of the Pophales, that was burnt down. It has hitherto never been alleged against him that he took part in the riot of the 24th April or had anything to do with it. As early as the 1st April, he along with a number of other prominent workers of the town issued a manifesto reproducing Mahatma Gandhi's instructions to N.C.O.'s, and exhorting people to strictly follow those instructions. Mr. Balusa and his co-signatories told the people therein that if they failed to follow those instructions, he and his co-signatories would have nothing more to do with them. Whatever may have been the effect of the manifesto on the people, it is clear that Mr. Balusa and others tried definitely to restrain the people and also ceased to associate with those who would not strictly obey Mahatma Gandhi's injunctions. Mr. Balusa's arrest, as well as the arrest of his Mahomedan fellow-workers, is an amazing piece of police high-handedness for which there is hardly any justification, unless it be that the authorities by such means are seeking to destroy the morale of the people. It is also strange how in spite of the glaring suppression of the truth, which the official investigators perpetrated with a view to mislead the public, the higher authorities have allowed them a *carte blanche* over people's freedom. One can have no objection whatever to the authorities apprehending guilty people, but in their absence to tackle innocent people, as we have reason to believe the local authorities are doing at present, is worthy of the severest condemnation.

A Mad and Costly Adventure.

It is authoritatively announced that the total casualties of British forces on the North-West Frontier from January 1919 to 30th April 1921 amount to 9,472, out of which 5,169 represent the killed or dead. We take it that by "British forces" is meant both British and Indian troops. The extent of the casualties sustained in mere tribal fighting must make one pause to reflect whether such a heavy sacrifice of lives is at all warranted. There are also the millions of pounds that have been wasted and are still being wasted in pursuit of an adventure which one cannot but take to be both fatuous and criminal in the present circumstances of this country. Indian money and Indian lives—and, for the matter of that, British lives too,—are much more urgently needed in other directions of national utility. Is there no one, either in this country or in Great Britain, with a sufficient sense of responsibility to the peoples of both the countries, who will cry a halt in the mad adventure of the militarist clique which is driving India to the verge of disaster?

Sir Narayan Chandavarkar and Mr. Horniman.

In a speech which he made the other day on the occasion of the Horniman benefit performance, Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman stated that Sir Narayan Chandavarkar had, as President of the Bombay Legislative Council, disallowed a resolution demanding the recall of Mr. Horniman. We are now given to understand that Sir Narayan did not disallow the resolution, but Mr. J. S. Haji, who had sent in the resolution, himself withdrew it before any orders could be passed on it. Evidently, Mr. Haji owes an explanation to those who sent him to the Council or rather to those who would not have sent him there if the Councils had not been boycotted.

Dry-nursing!

The Political Agent is one of the "die-hard" relics of the John Company of the good old days. His power is realised only by those who have felt the pressure of his little finger. He exercises a sway over the bodies—and souls—of his immediate charge far more potent than that exercised by a Governor or even a Viceroy. Indeed, he stands, for all practical purposes, in the position of Special Providence or the "Hidden Hand" of the moving picture plot and woe betide any that cross his path, wittingly or unwittingly! The adventures of one of these super-officials is related by the "Bengalee." The worthy in question is a Mr. Cobden-[redacted], Political Agent of the Orissa Feudatory States. It seems, one of his "wards", the minor chief of Narsingpur, was taken seriously ill at the Raj Kumar College in February last. His mother, the Rani Sahiba, as soon as she heard of her son's illness, went in all haste to see him and she had hardly time enough to undergo the formality of seeking the permission of the Political Agent before she appeared by her son's bed-side. For this "fault" of the mother, it is stated, she was taken away from her son's sick-bed by the order of the Agent. The story, however, does not stop here. When her son got a little better, he naturally wanted to go for a change of the air to sea-side. But instead of sending him to Puri, where his mother was, he was sent away to far-off Bombay. This was, no doubt, a compliment to Bombay, but we would have preferred to forego this compliment if the Agent had showed greater concern for the health of the boy, as Bombay is certainly not an ideal health-resort for juvenile invalids. The Agent did not allow even the boy's personal servant to accompany him to Bombay and it is no wonder he was again taken ill in this city and had to be brought to Raipure,—"to be kept confined in the hospital with only a sub-assistant surgeon and a cooly to look after him." The "Bengalee" reports that the boy's health is deteriorating and asks if anything unforeseen happens, who will take the responsibility? If the facts are as alleged by our contemporary, the action of the Agent must appear to be not only high-handed, but callous in the extreme. Who except a Political Agent, would think of forcibly separating a mother from her invalid son?

Threatened Strike of "Taj" Waiters.

We learn on good authority that the waiters at the Taj Mahal Hotel have reached the limit of endurance. Everyone who has stayed for any length of time at the hotel must have learnt something of the hard conditions of their service, which are quite behind the times, and must have been favourably impressed by their politeness and efficiency. Nay, everyone of public position in Bombay must have noticed their efficiency at public banquets; so that sympathy with their demands ought to be general among the richer and more influential part of the community. We understand that they have made certain demands through a gentleman of the legal profession who has consented to be their representative; and have declared that, if those terms are not conceded by the Company, by one o'clock to-day, they will come out on strike. The terms demanded are entirely just according to the standard of hotel service which prevails in other lands; and the only wonder is that the Taj waiters have put up for so long with a regime which is both antiquated and oppressive. We sincerely hope that the hotel company will yield to the demands of a thoroughly deserving set of men, who have largely contributed to earn for the "Taj" the reputation it possesses as a first-class hotel.

Who Pays.

Mr. Lakhmidas Rowjee Tairsee hands us the following profoundly interesting document which has been sent to him for his instruction. It is the copy of a letter received by Messrs. Levetus and Co. of London from a well-known German firm of manufacturers; and throws some light upon the question, which is being widely agitated at this moment: who will really pay the "Reparations" which have been imposed on Germany at the point of the bayonet. Any student of economics could long ago have answered: "The consumer, in the long run, always pays."

[Copy.]

JOSEF WINTER & CO., RADEBERG i SACHSEN, GERMANY.
20th April, 1921.

Messrs. Levetus & Co.,
London, E. C. 2.

Dear Sirs,

Referring to our letter of the 29th ultimo, wherein we quoted you our lowest prices on lighting glasses and must state to our great regret that we have not heard from you about the matter. We wish to say in this connection that the increase of 230 per cent. is only for deliveries to countries that retain 50 per cent. owing to the Reparation Bill. For deliveries to countries that do not retain this amount, our list prices are subject to an increase of 65 per cent. at conditions as stated in our letter of the 29th ultimo. Please be kind enough to report this to your various agencies and friends we hope that this will facilitate matters. We must ask the different prices unless there are regulations published from our Government concerning compensating the reparation amounts, because we cannot pay these from our own pocket.

Awaiting your favourable reply which would much oblige us, we are dear Sirs,

Yours faithfully,
Signed———

Quite simple, isn't it?

POLAND AND GERMANY

INSISTS UPON FAIRPLAY.

HER ATTITUDE DEFINED.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 17.

It is authoritatively stated that the attitude of the British Government towards the Polish insurrection is the determination to insist upon fairplay for both Poland and Germany. Britain intends loyally to carry out her engagement and expects in return that both parties will respect the Treaty of Versailles. Britain cannot tolerate any attempt to forestal the decision of the Supreme Council.

GERMAN ATTITUDE PERFECTLY CORRECT.

Britain's attitude towards the question of partition of Upper Silesia is one of complete impartiality. It is pointed out in this connection that the attitude of the German Government has been perfectly correct. The dilatoriness of the rebellion is regarded as most unsatisfactory.

The original proposal for informal conversations between the British and French Premiers on the subject of Silesia has been dropped. It is considered as most desirable that Italy, in view of the part played by her troops in combating the insurrection, should be given an opportunity to express her views on the question, which is threatening the peace of Europe, owing to the prospect of the war between Poland and Germany.

POLES FIRE INTERNATIONAL POLICE.

Telegrams received in London show that there has not been much fighting in Silesia recently. The insurgents subjected the interallied police to artillery fire on May 15th. There has been fighting between the Poles and Germans near Rosenberg, but not of a serious nature.

FRENCH PRESS RECOVERS FROM SHOCK

SUPREME COUNCIL TO MEET ON MAY 22.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 17.

Judging from the tone of comments today, the twenty-four hours have apparently enabled the French papers to recover from the shock of Mr. Lloyd George's speech. The comments display certain anxiety to minimise the aspects of the French action in Silesia, that seemed to indicate a Franco-Polish understanding. They deny that General Lerond, French Commissioner, signed an armistice with Korfanty recognising *status quo* and declare that the armistice was really a submission, on the part of Korfanty.

UNPRECEDENTED STRAIN ON THE ENTENTE.

Meanwhile, the fact remains that Mr. Lloyd George's speech and M. Briand's immediate reply have made manifest the fundamental differences between the British and French points of view with regard to Silesia, and the Entente is being subjected to unprecedented strain, which can only be relaxed by further conference. This will take the form of a meeting of the Supreme Council probably in Paris on May 22nd.

BRITISH FORCES ON N. W. FRONTIER.

CASUALTIES FROM JAN. 1919 TO APRIL 30, 1921

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

Mr. Montagu has published returns showing that the total casualties of the British Forces on the North-West Frontier of India from January 1919 to the 30th of April 1921 amounted to 9,472. This figure includes 5,169 killed and died, 2,474 wounded and 829 missing.

INDIAN STUDENTS' COMMITTEE.

ENQUIRY INTO TRAINING FACILITIES IN U. K. & INDIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

The Committee on Indian Students has arranged a five-months' programme, including a six-weeks' tour, of a dozen leading university centres in Britain, followed by enquiries into various aspects in London, concluding with taking evidence from the Inns of Court. The Committee's enquiries will include reasons at present inducing students to leave India for training, also the nature of Government responsiblity for the provision of more adequate facilities in India, in order to remove, or reduce, the necessity for study abroad, and the making of necessary arrangements in the United Kingdom to provide facilities at present unprovidable in India. The Committee's enquiries will also include investigation as to how far the experiment of sending Indian students to the United Kingdom has been justified by experience, and what results have been achieved.

Mr. Prithwis Chandra Ray, Editor of the "Bengalee," has been invited to give evidence at Simla before the Committee appointed to consider the Indian Press laws. He will appear before the Committee on the 23rd instant.

GERMANY PAYS!

150 MILLION GOLD MARKS.

BALANCE AT THE END OF MAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

A Paris message states that the Reparations Commission announces that Germany has handed over 150 million gold marks, partly in gold, and partly in foreign bills, on account of the demand made on May 5th, expiring May 31st, for a milliard gold marks. A Berlin semi-official message, referring to the same, states that the balance will be paid by the end of May.

NEW ALLIED NOTE

AN ULTIMATUM.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 17.

A Berlin message says that the new Allied Note stipulates that by May 30th the Germans must endorse the Allies' list specifying factories alone authorised to manufacture munitions.

The Note also demands dissolution of self-defence organisations by June 30.

PAYMENT FOR SILVER PURCHASE.

U. S. RECEIVES SECOND INSTALMENT FROM ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

Washington.—The Treasury announces receipt of 17080 thousand dollars from Britain as a second instalment of 122 million dollars for a purchase of silver during the war. The payment includes 4088 thousand dollars interest.

ORKNEYS BYE-ELECTION,

MR. M. SMITH RETURNED UNOPPOSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

Malcolm Smith, Coalition Liberal, has been returned unopposed for the Orkneys.

ELECTIONS IN ITALY.

DISTURBANCES IN RURAL DISTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

A Rome message says that though the elections have been orderly in chief cities, there have been disturbances in rural districts which have resulted in casualties variously estimated at from four to fifteen killed. It is already evident that Communists have been badly defeated.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

AUSTRALIANS VS. NAVY, ARMY & R. A. F.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 16.

Notts beat Surrey by seven wickets.

Warwick beat Derby by eight wickets.

The match between the Australians and the Navy, Army and R. A. F. was resumed to-day, at Portsmouth, in sunny weather, before a crowd of six thousand spectators. The pitch was in very good condition. The Australians were dismissed for 395, having scored 345 for 5 wickets on the previous day. The Services declared their innings closed with a score at 260 for the loss of nine wickets. Captain Fowlers 65 was the top score for the Services' side. At the close of the play, the Australians, in their second innings, had scored 5 runs for 1 wicket.

AUSTRALIANS WIN BY 198 RUNS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

The weather was brilliant and pitch in good condition when the match was resumed at Portsmouth, to-day.

Australians made 203 for five wickets and declared. Pellew made 56.

The Services were all dismissed for 140, Blount making 50. Gregory captured seven wickets for 52.

The Australians thus won by 198 runs.

Gloucester beat Somerset by 110 runs.

Essex beat Worcester by 132.

Middlesex beat Sussex by 153.

Leicester beat Northant's by 134.

Lancashire drew with Yorkshire.

CAN MINISTER BE SECRETARY OF PUBLIC INSTITUTION?

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 19.

At the last meeting of the Executive Committee of the Indian Association, it was decided that the subject of the requisition made by eighteen members of the Association to consider whether it is advisable in the public interest that a member of the Government of Bengal should remain Secretary of the Association be the first item on the agenda of the annual meeting of the Association to be held on 9th July next. Sir Surendranath Banerji has been the Secretary of the Association since its foundation and is still holding the office.

PRINCE HIROHITO'S VISIT.

STRENGTHENING TIES OF FRIENDSHIP

BETWEEN BRITAIN AND JAPAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 16.

His Majesty the King has telegraphed to the Emperor of Japan expressing pleasure of the Queen, himself and his people at the visit of Prince Hirohirto, and trusting that it will strengthen the ties of friendship between the two countries.

The Emperor of Japan has replied that he himself and his people are much touched by the friendship shown by the warmth and brilliance of the reception extended to Prince Hirohirto everywhere, throughout the Empire, culminating in deeply gratifying and stirring kindness of his reception in the Capital. The Emperor expressed particular pleasure at the forethought by which the Prince of Wales met Prince Hirohirto at Portsmouth and is convinced that the visit will contribute to drawing the two nations still closer together.

LEAGUE FOR EX-SERVICE MEN,

LORD HAIG ITS GREAT INFLUENCE FOR GOOD THROUGHOUT EMPIRE,

(PRESS TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

Lord Haig has returned to England from South Africa. An interview with a Reuter's representative, Lord Haig declared that the Conference held at Cape Town on the question forming a League of ex-Service Men was epoch-making event. He said the decision to form a League would have great influence for good throughout the Empire. The Indian delegates to the Conference re-echoed Lord Haig's appreciation of welcome, and ascribed the trip as a remarkable success bound to leave a mark upon South Africa. They declared that the Conference has raised to have a very marked effect upon nothing some of the asperity still existing the relations between the two Whites.

Speaking at a distribution of Sports Prizes on board the Worth Castle, Lord Haig delivered an interesting plea for the unity of Empire. He said reason why the unity, so wonderfully tested during the war, should not be preserved and strengthened in peace. Lord Haig declared that disruptive influences were work mainly through the paid agitator and appealed to his hearers not to pay attention to them, but to devote their energies to perfecting the Imperial Unity which received such an accession of strength during the war.

PARTY OF FOUR AMBUSHED

ALL KILLED, INCLUDING A LADY

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 17.

The country is horrified by the murder, in Galway District, during the weekend, of the District Inspector, Captain Blake, his young wife, Captain Cornwallis and Lieutenant Macreedy both of the Seventeenth Lancers. The party were motoring home from a tennis party when they were ambushed. The assassins only Mrs. Blake away, but she herself refused to leave her husband whereupon all four were riddled with bullets.

Capt. Cornwallis was a member of the Kent family. Two brothers were playing for Kent against Hampshire when the news arrived. They withdrew from the match.

"REPEAL THE PRESS ACT"

INDIAN ASSOCIATION'S DEMAND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 19.

The Committee of the Indian Association has adopted a resolution calling for the repeal of the Press Act 1919.

CABLE ITEMS.

Up to present time six men and three women have been detained in connection with the Sinn Fein outrages in London on Saturday.

In the Football Association Charity Shield the Tottenham Hotspurs, winners of the Football Association Cup, beat Burnley, the English League Champions, by 2 goals to 0 at Tottenham.

Reuter's Bombay Office has received a cable correction which states that in the Hurlingham Polo trial match the Hurlingham team beat the Americans by 3 *goals* to 2 and *not* chukkers, as previously stated.

Mr. Walter Long has been created a Viscount.

The Aaland Islands Commission of the League of Nations has recommended that the islands should be handed to Finland, subject to certain guarantees.

Cotton-spinners have decided to hold a ballot on the employers' demand for a thirty per cent reduction of wages.

A Geneva message says that Sir Claude Hill has been appointed Secretary General of the League of the Red Cross Societies.

TIDE OF REPRESSION.

BABU SUNDERLAL'S CASE.

"I HAVE DONE MY DUTY."

NO DEFENCE OFFERED.

MEETINGS AT HINGANGH IN PROHIBITED.

(From a Correspondent.)

WARDHAGANJ, May 19.

Shriyut Sunderlal's case came for hearing yesterday noon in the court of Mr. Fazlulkarim Khan, 1st Class Magistrate and S. D. O. Wardha under Section 124A I. P. C. The Court was crowded to suffocation, there being about 500 spectators. Shriyat Sunderlal was given a chair and treated with the utmost respect. Immediately after he had arrived Shrimati Subhadna Kumari garlanded him amidst cheers. The Judge's behaviour was perfectly dignified and thoroughly polite. The case began at 11/30 sharp and was conducted by Mr. K. S. Naidu, Public Prosecutor, Wardha. There were in all four witnesses, one Circle Inspector, one SubInspector, Naib Tahsildar, Mr. Chande and the Sub-Divisional Officer Mr. G. C. Gupte.

PROSECUTION EVIDENCE.

The speech in question was the one made by Shriyut Sunderlal at the Pargana Conference Kharangana, and all the witnesses stated that Shriyut Sunderlal had asked the audience to strictly follow non-violent Non-Cooperation of Mahatma Gandhi. The witnesses stated that Sunderlalji laid great stress on the poverty of India as compared with the condition of India before the advent of the British, on the Punjab atrocities and finally the Khilafat wrongs, which showed the highest injustice committed upon the Indians and which, therefore, necessitated a change in the system of Government in the country. In the attainment of Swaraj Shriyut Sunderlal maintained, the witnesses added, that non-violent Non-Cooperation was the only potent remedy now available and that the people could adopt it in their conduct and construction with the steadfastness of devotion, which the cause demanded. The speaker said, the witnesses further added, that the people could not now trust the Government as so many pledges, including those in the Proclamation of 1858, were broken and that it was no good to depend upon them and defer our programme. As to the effect upon the minds of the audience, which numbered about 5,000, the witnesses stated that the people felt that after the attainment of Swaraj India's peace and glory of the old will return and then the people will be very much happier than now. One witness stated that there were cries of shame, when the speaker referred to the atrocities. There were prolonged cheers, when the speaker dilated upon the change in the present system of Government.

There was no cross-examination. One witness stated that the speech lasted for two hours, while another contradicted it, saying that it occupied three quarters of an hour only. All the four witnesses had made long hand notes, but so far as wording was concerned none tallied with the others.

SUNDERLALJI'S STATEMENT.

The whole evidence was in, the [illegible] mine Sunderlalji and [illegible] he had [illegible]

[illegible] Indians with one European Superintendent [illegible]ice; in the Revenue Department from [illegible] deputy collector all were Indians [illegible] European Deputy Commissioner [illegible] will give up their service, [illegible] the administration will [illegible] This is correct, but I [illegible] Indians are slaves [illegible] Indians and [illegible]uz-Zaman are [illegible]alse stories [illegible]haliq-uz- [illegible]puty [illegible]ps

GANDHI-READING INTERVIEW.

"MALAVIYA'S INTERPOSITION MISREPORTED."

FACTS ABOUT "COMPROMISE" REFERENCE.

LALAJI MAKES HIS MEANING CLEAR.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 19.

With reference to the report of the Sunday's big meeting at Simla, Lala Lajpat Rai says that the interposition of Pundit Malaviya has been misreported. The facts are that touching the interview between Mr. Gandhi and Lord Reading, the Lalaji observed he wanted to add one word. He knew what he was going to say would amount to committing a sin or blasphemy, because it might be interpreted as questioning Mr. Gandhi's wisdom or intentions, but he must say that feeling in the country was so intense that even if impossibilities were to turn into a possibility and Mr. Gandhi were to waive the principle of Swarajya in any compromise with Government the country would not follow him.

At this Pundit Malaviya, interposing, told the Lalaji that he had committed a sin by referring to Mr. Gandhi in that vein.

The Lalaji explained that he wanted to assure Mr. Gandhi that the country would back him to the fullest extent in his demand for complete Swarajya.

FURTHER INTERVIEWS.

GANDHI, LAJPAT RAI AND MALVIYA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 18.

The Viceroy granted further interviews to Mr. Gandhi, yesterday afternoon, and this morning; to Lala Lajpat Rai, yesterday afternoon; and to Pandit Malaviya today.

Mr. Gandhi leaves Simla to-morrow morning for Ambala.

WAR AGAINST N. C. O.

"PEACE AND ORDER" LEAGUE INAUGURATED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, May 19.

Mr. Acton, Deputy Commissioner Barabanki, presided at the inauguration of the "League of Peace and Order" at Barabanki, yesterday evening. Mrs. Acton was present. The chairman explained the objects of the league in an Urdu speech and touched on the evils of Non-Cooperation. He said, "They are collecting subscriptions with the object of gaining Swarajya within a year. You are aware that these collections are spent for the living and travelling expenses of those collecting subscriptions. They are speaking against the Government and say that all Hindustanis are slaves. Harkarnath Misra delivered a speech at Kursi a few days ago, in which he said that in the police department all the staff from *chowkidar* to the Deputy Superintendent were [illegible]

"ASSAULT & ARREST."

NON COOPERATORS REMOVED BY FORCE.

"PEACE AND ORDER" LEAGUE'S MEETING.

THE "INDEPENDENT'S" ALLEGATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, May 19.

Non-cooperators headed by Mr. C. S. Ranga Iyer and Pandit Shamalal Nehru of Allahabad attempted on Tuesday to obstruct the meeting of the District Peace and Order League at Fatehpur convened by the Collector, Mr. Macleod.

"The Independent" publishes a long account of the proceedings which says: Before the arrival of the Collector, Mr. Jaffer Hussain, was elected to the chair. When Mr. Macleod arrived and took the chair, Mr. Ranga Iyer objected. Pandit Shamlal arrived on the scene and an altercation ensued between him and the Collector. The Pandit would not sit down, although repeatedly asked by the Collector to do so, and the following passage at arms is reported by "The Independent" to have taken place:—

PASSAGE AT ARMS.

Collector:—"Sit down, sit down".

Pandit:—"Why should I?"

Collector:—"Will you sit down?" repeated Mr. Macleod.

"No [illegible] the Pandit. "I can only obey th[illegible] over there".

Mr. Ma[illegible] and I will[illegible] meeting wi[illegible]

Pandit:—[illegible] as public me[illegible]

Mr. Macleo[illegible] private one [illegible] and you have [illegible] are trespassing [illegible]

Pandit:—Why [illegible] then?

Mr. Macleod: [illegible] meeting.

Pandit:—I will n[illegible] me with a written o[illegible]

Mr. Macleod:—Will [illegible] ing if I give you a w[illegible]

Pandit:—Certainly, [illegible] Gandhi's chela.

ORDER UNDER S[illegible]

The following order [illegible] over to Pandit Shamla[illegible] meeting being a private [illegible] order all non-cooperators [illegible] meeting.

Pandit:—Under what sect[illegible] trate?

Magistrate:—No section.

Pandit:—I will not obey t[illegible]rder. Section 144 is handy enough, you can issue it under that section.

Magistrate:—I will not do it.

Pandit:—Then, I am not going to leave the meeting unless you use physical force.

Magistrate:—Then I will have you removed.

Pandit:—You can do it by physical force.

REMOVED BY FORCE.

The Magistrate then ordered the Superintendent of Police to remove Pandit Shamlal Nehru by force and also his other Non-Cooperator friends. Pandit Shamlal Nehru was removed from the shamiana.

"ASSAULT AND ARREST."

When the Superintendent of Police gently laid his hand on Mr. Ranga Iyer's shoulders, "Assault or arrest?" asked Mr. Iyer, when the Superintendent replied "Both, the Collector having declared the meeting a private one". Mr. Iyer had no objection to leave the shamiana followed by Non-Cooperators, and the meeting then proceeded.

Non-cooperators held their own meeting at another place

IN BEHAR.

PROSECUTION [illegible]

(ASSO[illegible]

A Sasaram co[illegible] Mr. Nizamud[illegible]ing pe[illegible]ador [illegible]

THREE ESSENTIALS OF SWARAJ YOGA.

SELF-REVERENCE SELF-KNOWLEDGE AND SELF-CONTROL.

MRS. NAIDU'S MESSAGE TO INDIA.

HER BELIEF IN POTENCY OF N.-C.-O.

The following is the text of the interview a representative of the "Independent" had with Mrs. Naidu:—

"Listen", said Mrs. Naidu to our representative who availed himself of her brief stay in Allahabad and interviewed her. The representative began by asking Mrs. Naidu who had been in England since the Peace Conference, how post-war England impressed her, particularly, he desired to know if the people of England had any real love for universal peace and reduction of armaments.

"I should think" began Mrs. Naidu rather pensive and her eyes fixed on the big photo in front. "European nations have ... achieved the costliest peace," ... t last post, ... ill on ... ded the ... ut it has ... n people." ... ow", "she ... emphasis ... "The English ... uge exaggera- ... mission in the ... . There is also ... le who realise the ... cially a large class ... t want to establish, ... versal peace even at ... prestige and power. ... desire a reduction of ... and me?" She demanded, ... I do", I replied. ... commanded. ... y second querry:— ... been conflicting opinions ... Some think that a tired ... disgusted with the old methods ... inely set its face towards a ... But others fear that the war has only after all given further point to the age-long national rivalries. May I ask you, Mrs. Naidu, for your opinion as to which is the sounder reading?"

"You might remember," began Mrs. Naidu shaking her head thoughtfully, " . . . I said in reply to your last querry that there are two sections in Europe at the present day. Their actions have exposed the mockery of "Civilization" and the so-called Christianity of the West." Proceeding she said that there was excessive nationalism. That was the cause of much bitterness and trouble. "It is a regular disease. For, it is not patriotism. No, it is nationalism, arrogant selfish nationalism." This costly peace in her opinion was but temporary because it was selfish.

I nodded.

"Go ahead", and she smiled.

I asked: "Is the remarkable outburst of class feeling in the West likely to rend the world in a huge class war"?

A CLASS WAR LIKELY.

Shrimatiji laughed. I laughed too. Raising her eyebrows and in a tone that seemed serious and almost prophetic. Mrs. Naidu ... indeed difficult to say. A tem ... very acute form is ... result from these ... sts. Perhaps, it ... not for long. ... desperation wants ... e new-born demo- ... right ... and privi- ... a few ... of them— ... ace ... as com- ... lass w ... uld c ... It is jarring to a poet's ears. I call it Swarajya movement. Non-Cooperation is only a temporary measure. Swaraj—realisation of one's self—is permanent."

GIVING UP OF STUDIES.

"I have troubled you enough, Mrs. Naidu, but I have a few more questions to ask of you. I shall be brief", I said. Directly I put my fifth question: "In your opinion, how far is a giving up or suspension of higher studies by boys and girls to pursuance of the Non-Cooperation movement justifiable?"

"I think", said Sarojini Devi, "that where boys have left their studies by conviction it is productive of good results, for, it is meant for self-purification, and self-purification is a necessary condition to Yoga. But I do not support, I must say I positively oppose suspension of studies by boys who resort to Non-Cooperation out of selfish motives or out of fear for their neighbours. It is absolutely demoralizing in that case." "Take my own case for instance," she went on "one of my sons left his college being convinced of the morality of the step he was taking. He did not like all this materialistic life. In this case I had therefore nothing to say. But suppose my other son left his school with some motive. 'I am Mrs. Naidu's son. I can make speeches. People will applaud me, and so on. I would unhesitatingly set my face against it. The same thing applies to lawyers as well. If action is based upon conviction, it has my entire support."

"The present tendency in India seems to be to turn away from the English language. In your opinion, is it a healthy movement?" I asked.

"You ... are mistaken' she asserted. "I think the tendency is to concentrate more on the Indian vernacular. That is a step in the right direction. But if you are going to give up English as a step in political boycott, I should think you are treacherous to your own religion. Do you know why the Hindu civilisation is permanent and unshakable? Because it is elastic. It permitted assimilation of foreign culture. It was wide enough to provide for dissemination. That is why your civilization is everlasting. By nature, by temperament, I am Cosmopolitan. Because I am Cosmopolitan, I think I am a true Hindu. Do not, for goodness sake, boycott language, boycott culture. After all, English is one of the most beautiful languages: and our national cluture must be broad enough to admit of English language and English culture. Do not mistake me, I am one with those who demand greater concentration on the vernaculars than on a foreign language. In this view I support the new move. For it is calculated and rightly too to crush the intellectual snobbishness that existed, why, that even now exists, amongst our English educated countrymen."

MRS. NAIDU'S MESSAGE TO INDIA.

Mrs. Naidu, I have kept you long. I think it is time for you to catch the Bombay Mail. Finally, what is your message to "Young India?" I said.

"My message?", she asked .

"Yes," I said.

Then, the poet and the orator in her, were visible. In a melody, all her own Shrimati Sarojini Devi, gave expression to the following words which are still ringing in my ears even as I write:

"Self-reverence, self-knowledge, self-control; these three alone lead life to sovereign power." These are the three essential conditions of self-realisation and self-realisation is the Swaraj Yoga."

I felt inspired. Therefore I was silent. Now, a welcome intruder reminded the poetess of the train she had to catch. With the exchange of "good-bye" we left, I to my office and "the wandering singer" in pursuit of her train.

"N. C. O. A TOTAL FAILURE".

MR. KAMAT'S APPEAL TO MR. GANDHI

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA ...

The annual general meeti... Sabha took place last ... M. L. A. presiding. ... of the last year's ... was adopted an... bearers of the ... also made. ... elected P... Sastri ... elec... ...

BURMA NEWS.

CLERK CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLEMENT.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, May 18.

Asadkhan, a clerk in Field Accounts office, 96 Berar infantry, has been arrested and sent to Saugor for trial on a charge of embezzlement and falsification of accounts for sepoys on field service. The amount involved is stated to be Rs. 97,000.

The council of the Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association propose to open a cooperative store and credit society.

The Burmah Chamber of Commerce with the Revenue Secretary express the opinio... that tanning having been thoroughly tried in Burma without success, the export duty on hides serves as severe handicap on the Burma hide trade. Regarding competition with duty-free jara China hides and Burma hides are of an approved quality better than Indian hides. The Burma hide trade had suffered such serious setback that unless the duty on Burma hides is cancelled the trade may soon close to exist except as a shadow of what it was. hides being now left to rot in ... jungles.

Anti-liquor and purity crusade had taken an aggravated form. In Mandalay, a case of assault and molestation is reported. The District Magistrate issued a notice, under section 144, directing all members of Takzib-ul-Aklak to refrain for two months from loitering in front of liquor shops, and from obstructing, intimidating or interfering with persons desiring to enter them. The All-Burma National Education Conference will be held in Rangoon on May 14 and the following day, when the position and purpose of the movement will be discussed.

The national college is proposed to be opened on the 5th July.

Mr. P. D. Patel, a Parsi barrister, proposes standing for the vacancy in the Legislative Assembly.

The Railway Company has served a notice on the fireman and other strikers at Mandalay who failed to return to duty by the 23rd May to vacate the quarters. The menial staff who recently received a thirty per cent. increase is still out. The company state that all traffic men on Insein-Prome branch have resumed work.

MADRAS NEWS.

STRIKE AT ALUMINIUM FACTORY.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 18.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived here to-day from Ootacamund by a special train.

His Excellency received later at the Secretariat a deputation of the residents of Chintadripet in connection with the alienation of a portion of the Napir Park to the Suguna Vilasa Sabha, and, later in the evening performed the opening ceremony of the Edward Seventh Memorial Tuberculosis Institute.

Their Excellencies leave Madras at 7-30 p.m. by a special train for Bombay, wherefrom His Excellency will proceed to Simla on a visit to H. E. the Viceroy and Her Excellency accompanied by Captain Parbury leaves for England by S. S. Morea.

All workmen of Indian Aluminium Factory at Triplicane have gone on stri... The immediate cause of the strike ... to be suspension of workmen ... stop away from work ... tained while ...

"HORNIMAN AND CO."

MAHATMA GANDHI EXPLAINS SILENCE

Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Young India":—

Friends have accused me of indifference about Mr. Horniman, and some have also wondered why I rarely write about the Savarkar Brothers. There is a favourite saying among lawyers, almost enjoying the dignity of a maxim, that hard cases make bad law. I know to my cost how true the saying is. Many a judge has been obliged to give a decision apparently unjust but perfectly sound in law. Similarly one may say that hard cases make bad Non-co-operation. My business as an economical journalist is to deal with such matters only as have a bearing on the one issue before the country. If I mention Mr. Horniman's case or that of the Savarkar Brothers, I can mention it not to influence the Government's decision but to stimulate the public in favour of Non-co-operation. I would be delighted to have Mr. Horniman back as an able and brave comrade. I know that he was unjustly deported. The Savarkar Brothers' talent should be utilised for public welfare. As it is, Nasik is in danger of losing her two faithful sons, unless she wakes up in time. One of the ... I know well. I had the pleasure ... meeting him in London. He is brave. ... is clever. He is a patriot. He was fran... a revolutionary. The evil, in its hide... form, of the present system of Govern... nt, he saw much earlier than I did. ... is in the Andamans for his having lo... India too well. Under a just Governme... he would be occupying a high office. ... herefore feel for him and his brother. ... it not been for Non-co-operation, Mr. H... niman would have returned and the brot... s would have been discharged long ago. Now Non-co-operation blocks the way. ... ose who are really interested in the ... ease of the brothers and such others ... are suffering imprisonment and in the ... eturn of Mr. Horniman, must hasten ... e fulfilment of the Non-co-operation pro... mme and therefore the advent of Swar... Meanwhile we must not only put up ... th the existing incarcerations, but we ... t seek imprisonment ourselves, by offe... g the Government in all just, lawfu... d peaceful ways.

FOREST FIRES IN NAINI TAL DISTCT.

DUE TO VERY DRY WEATHER.

(Associ... Press.)

...AHABAD, May 19.

A "Leader's" ...spondent gives an account of forest ... in the Naini Tal district, owing to ... y dry weather. For the last four d... aini Tal has been surrounded by an ...sive range of forest fires on three ... The forest authorities have been endeavouring to keep these in check but dry... and leaves together with high wirevaling have rendered this work alm...possible.

On the 15th, a fire broke out in the stores of the ...tion Hospital and, owing to scarcity ...ter, might have become very serious for the time... assistance rendered ...men of the Garhwali Regi...ental police and residents round the ...l. The Officer Commanding and ...tendent of Police (Mr. Hamilton) ... early on the scene and as result of ...sed efforts fire was checked. While ... were busy with this ... of town word was re... that forest fire from west had extend... the outskirts of the town and a ... in Kaladungi was in flames. Police ...at once despatched and succeeded in ...ng it. ...ests on three sides of the town are ...blading furiously, although every ef... is being made to arrest conflagrations.

TWO DISASTROUS FIRES.

LAHORE CANTONMENT GODOWN BURNT.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, May 19.

...desastrous fire broke out on Tuesday in ... 8 godown of the new B Supply Depot ...Lahore cantonment east. All the reserve ...k of British troops rations consisting ...hundreds of cases of jam, 10,000 cases ...cigarettes valued at Rs. 1,00,000, ...ergency rations, hundreds of sacks of ...r and coffee beans the whole valued at ... lakhs of rupees were totally destroyed ...e largely to the corrugated roofing having ...llapsed so that the sliding doors could ...t be opened and the contents of the ...pot could not be reached. In 45 minutes, ...is reckoned, the contents of the entire ...ilding were ablaze and it took three ...urs to get the fire under control. It was ...e to the most strenuous exertions made ... the fire brigade that the fire was kept ...thin reasonable limit, thereby saving a ...ry large number of stocks of gunny bags ...at were piled within 15 yards of the block ...at caught fire. Otherwise the destruction ...ould have been far more serious. Water ...r fire engine had to be obtained from a ...mall canal. Some hundreds of drums of ...ooking oil exploded making the conflagration very serious. At 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning fire brigade was hard at work ...nd remained till midnight. The Military ...uthorities also made indefatigable efforts ...o keep the fire from spreading to adjacent ...buildings.

AT GUJRANWALA.

Another serious fire broke out at Gujranwala on Tuesday when several houses and shops were burnt. It is estimated that the damage suffered was some two lakhs. One of the victims of the fire is said to have lost Rs. 15,000 in currency notes and with great difficulty managed to escape.

NARASIMHA-JAYANTI.

(Specially written for the "Chronicle.")

Narasimha is the fourth *Avatar* of Lord Vishnu—the Creator of the universe.

Nara meaning man and *Simha* meaning lion. Narasimha was the *man* with the face of a lion. The reasons why the Lord manifested Himself in this weird form are best explained in the *Bhâgvat* and I need not enter into those details here. I intend to tell why the Lord took this fourth Avatar and what lessons can we draw to-day from this.

I am writing this particularly, to-day because, this evening in India in most of the houses will be celebrated the annual Jayanti which Hindus have for the past so many centuries been most sacredly observing.

In older times, the *Asuras* or the *Daityas* as they were also called had amongst them their King by name Hiranyakashipu.

Being immune from death, in consequence of the gift granted by God, either at the hands of the *Suras* (gods) or human beings, either on the earth or in the aerial regions, he began to persecute and oppress the gods and human beings in a very cruel way.

I must here say a word about this gift of immortality to Hiranyakashipu by the Lord.

We find while reading the Hindu Suranas that on several occasions the Daityas propitiated the Lord by devotion and austerities and the Lord being pleased granted to them their heart's desires. The Daityas invariably prayed for gifts which made them miraculously powerful and rendered them invincible. They never asked for spiritual betterment or salvation. This clearly shows us the conception of the early Hindus that the *Creator* of the universe looked upon all—the *Suras*, the *asuras*, human beings and even the animals—with an eye of equality. God was above all materials things and finally helped those who remained firm believers in His wise dispensation and abided by His laws.

To return to my narrative Hiranyakashipu's reign of terrorism and exploitation became unbearable to all.

In the meanwhile, Hiranyakashipu had a son who was named Prahlad. Prahlad from his very childhood was devoted to God and did nothing, learnt nothing but thought of the *one* omnipotent Vishnu.

Hiranyakashipu was irritated at this. He was the breaker of Neeti, the subverter of the Laws of God and the oppressor of the helpless. He was, in short, the most selfish and satanic tyrant. He could not bear that his son should think, speak and worship God. He wanted his son to perpetuate after himself a system of rule which was wholly a negation of Justice, Equity and Morality. He scolded the innocent child and took his teacher to task for not training the boy in the desired way.

The Guru—a meek and slavish dependent—struggled hard to bring the prince to countenance, understand and learn the devilish ways. He failed in all the attempts.

Prahlad's soul, illumined with the Eternal Truth, rose in grandeur and piety day after day.

The fat... then, began to persecute and punish t... Countless were the ills and suffe... s to which Prahlad submitted. He was incarcerated, whipped and starved, but Prahlad remained firm in his faith and devotion and refused to cooperate with his father in his impious and sinister ways. On no occasion did the boy resent the maltreatment nor did he raise his finger against his father. With his boundless faith in Him, he suffered and suffered joyfully all the humiliations, pains and penalties inflicted upon him.

At last, when Hiranyakashipu was convinced that nothing would convert the boy to his views, he called him to the Court and asked him to show him where his God was so that he may destroy Him. The boy, fearlessly, told his father that God was everywhere. "Is he in this pillar?" asked the irrate King. "Yes, father. He is even in this pillar. God is all-pervading," dutifully replied the son.

Chafing with wrath, Hiranyakashipu jumped off from the throne and struck the pillar with all his might and lo! the pillar cracked with a thundering sound and there came out of the pillar the God in the form of Nara-Kesari. This was the fourth Avatar to destroy the Tyrant Hiranyakashipu who wantonly and cruelly abused the powers and gifts that God gave him to serve humanity, and through humanity, Him.

The story of Prahlad most eloquently teaches us two lessons—unswerving faith in God and non-violence under all circumstances of provocation.

May the sons of India while celebrating the Nara-simha Jayanti this evening bear in mind these two lessons and may the Almighty bless them and protect them in their struggle as He blessed and protected Prahlad in days of yore! Amen!

A message from Fyzabad, dated May 18th, says that the long pending appeal of Babu Narendra Bahadur Singh, Talukdar Haswar against the Oudh Commercial Bank has been dismissed by their Lordships of the Privy Council.

(Continued from Column 6.)

wealth which God has given you in trust to help your brethern. Sooner or later this expoitation of India by outsiders will cease, and the whole country will thank you if you see that no more Europeans are brought in the Bank and gradually the control and management is passed on to Indians. The outside world will have reason to question the fitness of Indians for Home Rule and laugh at the so-called ability of the Tata House, if the Bank continues to be managed by outsiders.

All bondage—political or economic—is self-inflicted and I trust, you on your part will cut as under, at least the economic shackles.—Yours, etc.

X. Y. Z.

AN OPEN LETTER,

TO SIR DORAB TATA.

Sir,—The people of India will always cherish the name of late Mr. J. N. Tata with respect for the very practical and real service he rendered to India, by developing its industries. He was a true patriot in the proper sense of the word—as he sought to make India economically independent; his vision was very broad; he gave nearly twenty lakhs of rupees to the Science Institute at Bangaloro so that children of India may get the best training, develop the scientific destiny of the country independently of foreign assistance.

I understand that it is your desire to maintain the traditions of your esteemed father, and do something to deserve the lasting gratitude of the millions of this country. Because I know you mean well—I feel emboldened to place some facts before you which I trust will receive the best of your attention.

Your attention must have been drawn to the article on "Tata Bank" which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle's" issue of the 17th instant. I now want to deal with certain points contained therein:

1. There is no denying the fact that most of the high appointments in the Bank are in the hands of Europeans and where Indians could be had their rights have been set aside. They are paid excessively. Fresh men with very little experience start on Rs. 600 per month, (besides a house allowance) with an annual increment of Rs. 50. If you should in the capacity of the Chairman of the Board of Directors call for the statement of the salaries, the previous experience of the European employees in England, you will be startled at the disproportionate amount that they get here. It may be said that the Europeans do not come here for nothing and they ought to be compensated. Is then Tata Bank a charitable concern which should provide for such salaries for every Dick and Harry?

It is a crime against the country to get the work done by outsiders when the same can be done with equal efficiency by Indians. Doubtless you are too much a believer in the European efficiency. But given same opportunities, you do not think that Indians would prove inferior to non-Indians.

Your object of efficiency could even otherwise be realised, if only a few responsible appointments were alloted to outsiders. If the General Manager meant well towards Indians and was sympathetic, he could conveniently fill several posts from amongst local men—for instance, there is no utility of so many European assistants in Current Accounts Department.

The Bank was started to develop and help Indian industries and train up Indians for high Bank appointments. I know the keen interest you have taken in the apprentice scheme for training up educated Indians for high posts, but you know what has been its fate—the attitude of the management has been very indifferent, if not hostile and their general behaviour is so arrogant that very few Indians can put up with it. It could not be otherwise—Europeans cannot respect Indians, when the latter make such an exhibition of helplessness, by getting their concerns managed by them. Moreover, the interests of the non-Indian staff and Indians are not identical. The management is always anxious to import the men of their own race—they would never admit that there are qualified Indians, who can fill the high posts. What is the previous experience? Indians have not got, and will never get, good opportunities, so long as our concerns are under non-Indian management. No scheme, however well intentioned, has any chance of success, at their hands. Look at the Imperial Bank of India, Bank of India, Oriental Life Assurance Co., Bombay Electric Supply Co. and similar other concerns.

You would be told several things about the impatience and carelessness of young Indians. Poor educated Indians have always been abused and misrepresented by the outside monopolists. I agree with you in believing that examinations in themselves do not constitute a right to fill high posts—they are, merely, in our defective educational system a measure of relative ability. You know there are very few vocations left to Indians, owing to peculiar political conditions and so they cannot be anxious to give up Bank service if they get fairly good treatment. They are not impatient—they are prepared to drudge from the lowest rung or the ladder, provided they get the same equal opportunities. Nothing is more galling to the sensitive Indian youth than that he should be differentially treated in concerns whose capital is mostly subscribed by Indians themselves.

Could not your House too adopt the same system as the Japanese did in the begining of their industrial era? Whenever any high post was entrusted to any foreigner, it was given under the explicit understanding that he would train up young Japanese in the efficient management of the concern within a specified period after which his services would be dispensed with. His sole function was to advise the management in all matters of technique and organisation which were necessary for the establishment of the concern on a sound basis.

If you were to search you will find several capable Indians who can fill the high posts with distinction. Government is able to find several competent men for Finance Department; why cannot the Bank find them?

Even now most of the hard work is done by Indians, but the credit goes to outsiders. Some of the new non-Indians do not turn out such work as to deserve even half their present salary. Surely if they can hold such posts, why not Indians?

Under the force of circumstances some Indians may be styled as Assistant Accountants getting a salary of about Rs. 250 to throw dust into the eyes of public, but I hope you will not be deceived by it.

Indians are awake. They will no more tolerate humiliations and insults. I want you to see, Sir, the signs of the times. I know you have great influence, power and

(Continued in Column 5.)

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HOW TO SPIN.

INSTRUCTONS TO BEGINNERS.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

The following instructions of how to spin will be found very useful to those who want to use the "charkha."':—

I.—Sit before the charkha in such a way that the wheel will be on your right and the spindle to the left.

II. Tie tightly a piece of string in the middle of the spindle (needle) and woun that up by turning the wheel slowly to the right so that sufficient string will be left as to tie over the end of the spindle and touch your cotton Puni (sliver).

III. Hold the cotton Puni lightly in the left hand. Do not pressit but gently let it he on your middle finger and one near the smaller finger and give a slight support over it by the thumb and the fourth finger near it.

IV Place the end of the string on one end of the cotton (near the smallest finger) and allow the string to touch the end of spindle at the same time. Hold the cotton Puni at few inches distant from spindle end Never let the former touch the latter.

V. Never press the string end when it lie on the cotton but let it remain there.

VI. Now slowly turn the wheel. You will find that the spindle and with it the string revolves. At the sametime the string will try to catch some of the ligaments of cotton.

VII. While turning the wheel by the right hand, always keep your eye on the cotton ligaments that are caught by the string.

VIII. When you see that the string has caught sufficient legaments say three or four slowly raise your left hand, keeping the wheel turn in slowly and watching the action of the same on the cotton.

IX. Slowly raise your cotton so as to get a continuous thread. This thread will be raw and hence quite weak and little streach may break it. So be careful and raise your left hand gently.

X. When you get an arms length of continuous raw thread. try to make it strong.

XI. This is simple enough. You can press at the end of continuous raw thread near the cotton and give 10 to 20 turns to the wheel. You will see that the thread gets stronger and stronger and when you find that there is no raw part anywhere. wound the thread round the spindle and keep sufficient part out to lie our spindle end and touch the cotton puni.

XII. In case the raw thread gives way while you are raising your hand, you can adopt the following process—

(1) Make the part spun quite strong wound some of that to spindle if required.

(2) Put the end of the string on cotton (without pressing it) and begin the wheel The string will attach itself to cotton ligaments by itself.

XIII. When a good quantity of yarn is produced on the spindle the same can be transferred to a separate Chukker (wheel) which is provided and which in portable quite separate from the main Charkha.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE.

(Thursday, May 19.)

Colonel W. E. Hilliard, Superintendent, Civil Camp, Belgaum, is granted privilege leave for six months, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of it.

Mr. W. L. A. King, Assistant Superintendent, Civil Camp, Belgaum, is appointed to act for Colonel Hilliard.

Mr. Chhotalal Rajaram Mankad to act as Deputy Political Agent, Kathiawar.

Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Acting Second Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave from the 3rd May to the 3rd June, 1921, both days inclusive.

Rao Bahadur Yeshavant Balappa Borkar, on the termination of his special duty, to be Huzur Deputy Collector, Kolaba, vice Rao Saheb Dattatraya Bhikaji Nesarikar, reverting.

Mr. M. D'Cunha, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, has been granted an extension by one month of the privilege leave allowed to him.

Mr. G. Leathem, I.C.S., is granted, with effect from the date of relief, privilege leave for ten days combined with furlough for such period as will bring the combined period of absence to one month and twenty-seven days.

Mr. H. W. Starte, Divisional Forest Officer, Dharwar-Bijapur, to be Instructor at the Forest College, Dharwar, temporarily, in addition to his own duties, with effect from 1st July, 1921.

The Rev. C. B. Grey Collier, Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, is appointed Senior Chaplain with effect from the 12th February, 1921.

Mr. W. J. Ingham, Instructor to the Normal Class and Superintendent of Workshops, College of Engineering, Poona, has been permitted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India to return to duty.

Mr. Jehangir Sorabshah Commissariat, Assistant to the Professor of English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, and Acting Professor of English and Logic at the same College, to act as as Professor of English Literature at the Elphinstone College, Bombay, vice Mr. C. J. Sisson, appointed to act as Principal, Karnatak College, Dharwar, pending further orders.

Mr. Manockjee J. M. Cursetjee, Acting Executive Engineer, is granted privilege leave for six months with effect from the date of relief.

The following gentlemen, who have been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as temporary Engineers for Hydro-Electric Surveys in the Bombay Presidency, reported themselves for duty in India on the respective dates shown against their names:—

Mr. J. R. Pickmere, 21st February, 1921.
Mr. E. V. Richards, 28th January, 1921.

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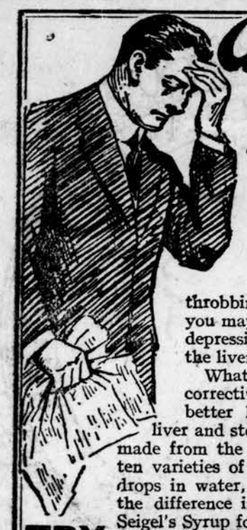

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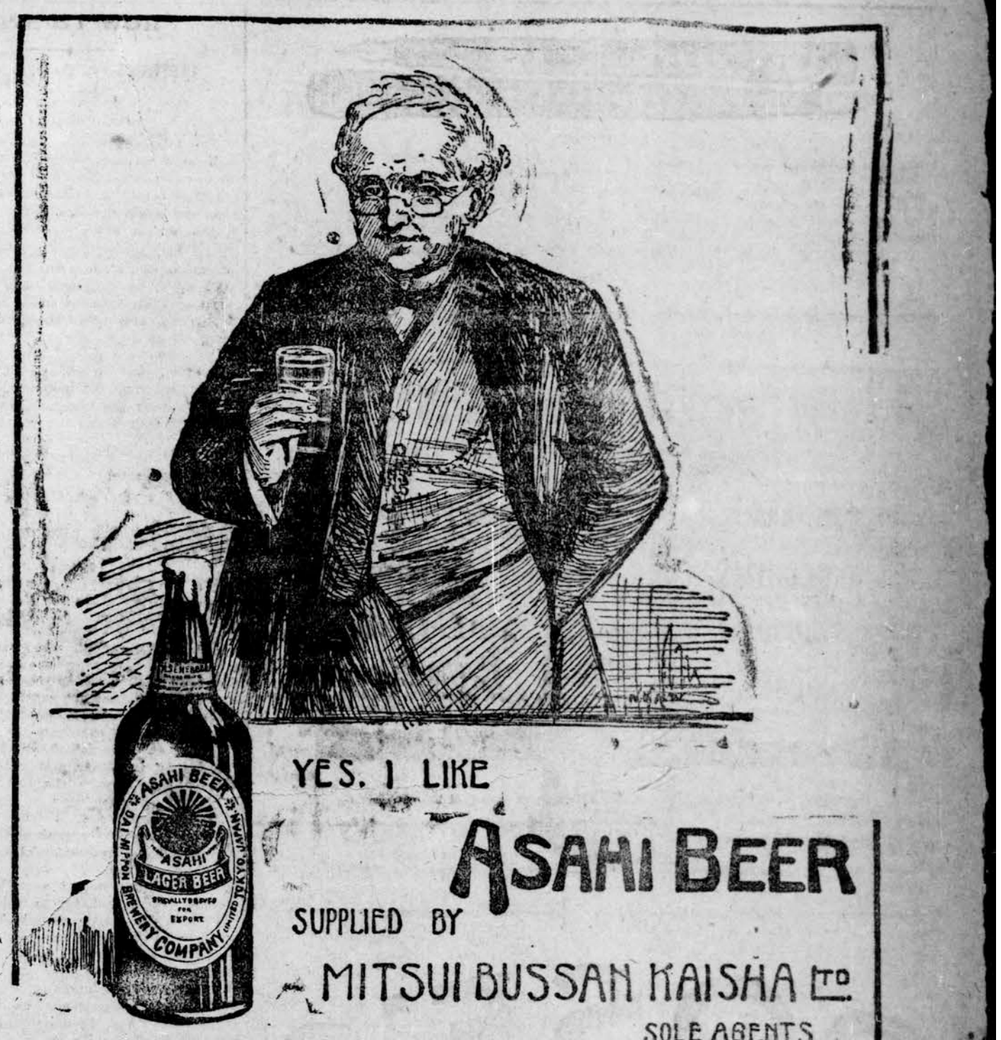

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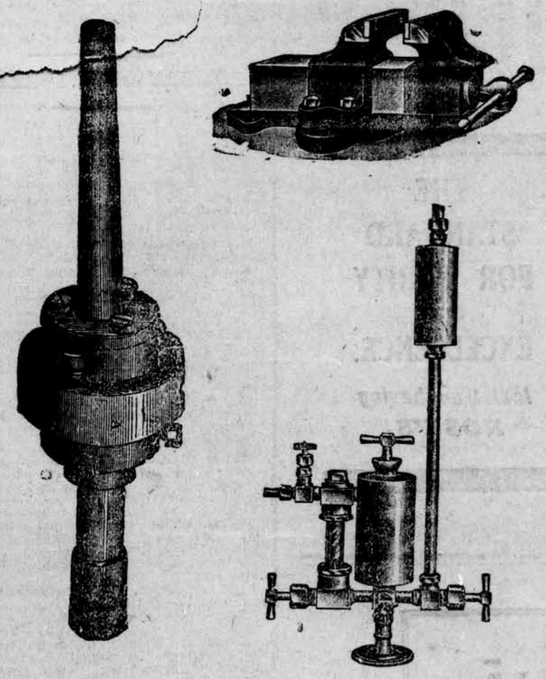

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